



Study Program Handbook Physics Bachelor of Science

Subject-specific Examination Regulations for Physics (Fachspezifische Prüfungsordnung)

The subject-specific examination regulations for Physics are defined by this program handbook and are valid only in combination with the General Examination Regulations for Undergraduate degree programs (General Examination Regulations = Rahmenprüfungsordnung). This handbook also contains the program-specific Study and Examination Plan (Chapter 6).

Upon graduation, students in this program will receive a Bachelor of Science (BSc) degree with a scope of 180 ECTS (for specifics see Chapter 6 of this handbook).

Version	Valid as of	Decision	Details
Fall 2022 – V1	Sep 01, 2022	Jun 26, 2019	V1 Originally approved by the Academic Senate
		Feb 01, 2022	V1.1 Renumbering and splitting of one specialization module into four stand-alone modules, which lead to correction of study scheme and section 2.2.3.2; Module coordinator change in Jacobs Track Methods courses; Correction of typos
		Jul 25, 2022	V1.2 Change of Assessment Type "Advanced Optics"
		Aug 03, 2022	V.1.3 Change in BQ- Modules "Ethics in Science and Technology", "Global Health" and "Global Existential Risks"
		Aug 18, 2022	V1.4 Changes in "Admission Requirements" and "Internship / Startup and Career Skills"
		Sep 19, 2022	V1.5 Editorial change uniform specialization module text

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1 Program Overview

1.1 Concept

1.1.1 The Jacobs University Educational Concept

Jacobs University aims to educate students for both an academic and a professional career by emphasizing four core objectives: academic quality, self-development/personal growth, internationality and the ability to succeed in the working world (employability). Hence, study programs at Jacobs University offer a comprehensive, structured approach to prepare students for graduate education as well as career success by combining disciplinary depth and interdisciplinary breadth with supplemental skills education and extra-curricular elements.

In this context, it is Jacobs University's aim to educate talented young people from all over the world, regardless of nationality, religion, and material circumstances, to become citizens of the world who are able to take responsible roles in the democratic, peaceful, and sustainable development of the societies in which they live. This is achieved through high-quality teaching, manageable study loads and supportive study conditions. Study programs and related study abroad programs convey academic knowledge as well as the ability to interact positively with other individuals and groups in culturally diverse environments. The ability to succeed in the working world is a core objective for all study programs at Jacobs University, both in terms of actual disciplinary subject matter and also of social skills and intercultural competence. Studyprogram-specific modules and additional specializations provide the necessary depth, interdisciplinary offerings and the minor option provide breadth while the university-wide general foundation and methods modules, mandatory German language requirements, and an extended internship period strengthen the employability of students. The concept of living and learning together on an international campus with many cultural and social activities complements students' education. In addition, Jacobs University offers professional advising and counseling.

Jacobs University's educational concept is highly regarded both nationally and internationally. While the university has consistently achieved top marks over the last decade in Germany's most comprehensive and detailed university ranking by the Center for Higher Education (CHE), it has also been listed by the renowned Times Higher Education (THE) magazine as one of the top 300 universities worldwide (ranking group 251-300) in 2019, 2020 and 2021. The THE ranking is considered as one of the most widely observed university rankings. It is based on five major indicators: research, teaching, research impact, international orientation, and the volume of research income from industry.

1.1.2 Program Concept

Physics has shaped our view of the universe by studying the basic concepts of space, time, and matter. Physics not only lays the foundation for other natural sciences and many engineering disciplines, but is also a fundamental part of modern technology such as transistors, lasers, or global positioning systems. Physics is also of fundamental importance for global challenges such as global warming, E-mobility, or renewable energies.

Physicists describe our world by using only a few basic principles and together with mathematical methods connect and apply these principles. As in any natural science, physicists check their theoretical outcomes by performing appropriate experiments. The qualification aims

for a physics bachelor degree therefore include on one side a solid knowledge about the basic physical concepts and how they can be used to explain natural phenomena or technical devices. On the other side, physicists will be able to design, perform, and evaluate experiments to investigate unknown phenomena or to verify new theories. To do so, a physics BSc is trained in a thorough understanding of mathematical methods, computational tools, and other quantitative problem-solving skills to describe physical phenomena and complex systems.

The Jacobs University physics major is a three-year BSc program. Its content is oriented along the guidelines of the Konferenz der Fachbereiche der Physik (KFP) in Germany, the Institute of Physics (Britain) for BSc in Physics, and the topics required for the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) physics test. The physics program is frequently optimized and fine-tuned by feedback from students and instructors and developments in research and teaching.

The first year starts with a broad introduction to classical and modern physics and their mathematical foundations, complemented by a choice of other subjects. The emphasis is on an overview of physical phenomena. The second year of study features a thorough and advanced education in the foundations of physics (analytical mechanics, electrodynamics, quantum mechanics, and statistical physics), and in fields of recent interest such as computational physics or renewable energy. Lectures and interactive seminars with constant learning feedback by means of weekly homework are complemented by hands-on work in teaching labs. Motivated and interested students are encouraged to join a research group even before their thesis work. Between the fourth and fifth semester, students will perform an internship in a company or an academic institution. The third year finally features a varying selection of specialization courses (such as condensed matter physics and particles, fields, and quanta) and guided research leading to the BSc thesis.

A Jacobs University BSc in Physics provides a solid and simultaneously flexible foundation for careers in diverse fields, from basic research in academia to engineering in industry or in the educational sector. The broad training in analytical skills, technical thinking and the appreciation of complexity and subtlety allows physicists to also work often with additional qualification in finance and consulting/management. Physicists are the all-rounders among the natural scientists. The physics curriculum at Jacobs University is designed to ensure that graduates will be well prepared for postgraduate programs in physics and related fields at global leading universities.

The scientific knowledge, the international network of physics alumni, and the problem solving and social skills acquired during studies of physics at Jacobs University guarantee success in our increasingly technology-driven society, as demonstrated by our many very successful graduates.

1.2 Specific Advantages of Physics at Jacobs University

The institutional framework of the three-year Jacobs University Physics BSc program is unique in its internationality and research experience. Students gain extra learning and research experience through an internship and by working in research groups of professors for their BSc thesis work or even before. The level of courses is on par with physics programs at leading international universities. Since students live on our residential campus, they are immersed in a stimulating international and academic community, supporting and enhancing their learning. This provides an ideal preparation for postgraduate studies of physics and related fields at leading international universities.

Our physics graduates are very successful in either being admitted to top postgraduate programs (MSc/PhD) in physics and related fields, directly entering employment, or starting their own businesses. We use feedback from our graduates to continuously improve our study program, and the graduates themselves benefit from our international alumni network.

For students with a strong interdisciplinary interest, the program easily allows the pursuit of a minor in some of the other bachelor programs at Jacobs University in addition to their regular physics major.

1.3 Program-Specific Educational Aims

1.3.1 Qualification Aims

Our main objective is to provide a broad and thorough education in physics with some advanced topics and exposure to research. Students learn the foundations and advanced concepts of classical and modern physics. In lab courses and research projects, they are provided with hands-on training in experimental methods and techniques in physics, but also in computational approaches. By giving presentations, writing lab reports, term papers, and the BSc thesis, they gain familiarity with tools and approaches to access and communicate scientific information. The BSc education in physics at Jacobs University is designed to serve as an excellent foundation for graduate programs in physics and related fields. As such, it contains the core topics of any serious physics, as well as condensed matter physics and specialization topics such as biophysics, computational physics, particles and fields, and electronic devices. The analysis of complex systems, logical and quantitative thinking, solid mathematical skills, and a broad background in diverse physical phenomena is an asset for any profession in modern society.

1.3.2 Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the program, students will be able to

- recall and understand the basic facts, principles, formulas, and experimental evidence from the major fields of physics, namely, classical physics (mechanics, thermodynamics, optics, and electrodynamics), modern physics (including atomic physics, quantum mechanics, relativity, and elementary particle physics), and statistical physics;
- describe and understand natural and technical phenomena by reducing them to basic physical principles from the various fields of physics;
- analyze complex systems to extract underlying and organizing principles;
- apply a variety of mathematical methods and tools especially from analysis and linear algebra to describe physical systems;
- use numerical and computational methods to describe and analyze physical systems;

- examine physical problems and apply their mathematical skills and knowledge from different fields in physics to find possible solutions and assess them critically;
- conceive and apply analogies, approximations, estimates, or extreme cases to test the plausibility of ideas or solution to physical problems;
- set up and perform experiments, analyze their outcomes with the pertinent precision, and present them properly;
- work responsibly in a team on a common task, with the necessary preparation, planning, communication, and work organization;
- use the appropriate language of the scientific community to communicate, discuss, and defend scientific findings and ideas in physics;
- familiarize themselves with a new field in physics by finding, reviewing, and digesting the relevant scientific information to work independently or as a team member on a physics-related problem or on a scientific research project;
- apply their knowledge and understanding from their BSc Physics education to advance their personal career either by professional employment or by further academic or professional education;
- take on responsibility for their own personal and professional role in society by critical selfevaluation and self-analysis;
- adhere to and defend ethical, scientific, and professional standards, but also reflect on and respect different views;
- act as a scientifically literate citizen to provide sound evidence-based solutions and arguments especially when communicating with specialists or laymen, or when dealing with technology or science issues;
- appreciate the importance of education, community, and diversity for personal development and a peaceful and sustainable world.

1.4 Career Options

Physicists are the all-rounders of the natural scientists. About two-thirds work on advancing our scientific knowledge or develop new technologies, products, and processes. Research positions are found in research centers, scientific institutes, and universities. In industry, physicists work in fields like IT, software development, electronics, lasers, optics, and semiconductors. An increasing demand for physicists also comes from the medical technology sector. Another large fraction of physicists holds faculty positions at universities and colleges or work in other branches of education.

A Jacobs University BSc in Physics provides a solid and simultaneously flexible foundation for careers in diverse fields, from basic research to engineering and life sciences, to finance and management. The scientific knowledge, the problem-solving skills, and the social skills acquired during studies of physics at Jacobs University guarantee success in our increasingly technology-driven society, as demonstrated by our many very successful graduates.

The physics curriculum at Jacobs University is designed to ensure that graduates will be well prepared for postgraduate programs in physics and related fields at leading international universities. The physics program is oriented along the guidelines of the Konferenz der Fachbereiche der Physik (KFP) in Germany, the Institute of Physics (Britain) for BSc in Physics, and the topics required for the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) physics test.

The broad training in analytical skills, technical thinking, and the appreciation of complexity and subtlety allows physicists to work—often with additional qualifications—as management

consultants, patent attorneys, market analysts, or risk managers. Many BSc degree recipients go on to graduate in physics and other fields, as careers in research and development usually require a postgraduate degree.

Jacobs University Physics BSc graduates have an excellent placement record in top graduate programs. Very helpful for career development is also the opportunity for international network building with Jacobs University students coming from more than one hundred different nations. Good communication skills are essential, since many physicists work as part of a team, have contact with clients with non-physics backgrounds, and need to write research papers and proposals. These skills are particularly well developed in the broad and multidisciplinary undergraduate program at Jacobs University.

The Career Services Center (CSC) as well as the Jacobs Alumni Office help students in their career development. The CSC provides students with high-quality training and coaching in CV creation, cover letter formulation, interview preparation, effective presenting, business etiquette, and employer research, as well as in many other aspects, thus helping students identify and follow up on rewarding careers after their time at Jacobs University. Furthermore, the Alumni Office helps students establish a long-lasting and worldwide network which is useful when exploring job options in academia, industry, and elsewhere.

1.5 Admission Requirements

Admission to Jacobs University is selective and based on a candidate's school and/or university achievements, recommendations, self-presentation, and performance on required standardized tests. Students admitted to Jacobs University demonstrate exceptional academic achievements, intellectual creativity, and the desire and motivation to make a difference in the world.

The following documents need to be submitted with the application:

- Recommendation Letter
- Official or certified copies of high school/university transcripts
- Educational History Form
- Standardized test results (SAT/ACT) if applicable
- ZeeMee electronic resume (optional)
- Language proficiency test results (TOEFL, IELTS or equivalent)

Formal admission requirements are subject to higher education law and are outlined in the Admission and Enrollment Policy of Jacobs University.

For more detailed information about the admission visit: <u>https://www.jacobs-university.de/study/undergraduate/application-information</u>

1.6 More Information and Contact

For more information, please contact the study program chairs:

Dr. Peter Schupp Professor of Physics Email: p.schupp@jacobs-university.de https://www.jacobs-university.de/directory/schupp

Dr. Jürgen Fritz Professor of Biophysics Email: j.fritz@jacobs-university.de https://www.jacobs-university.de/directory/jfritz

or visit our program website: www.jacobs-university.de/physics

2 The Curricular Structure

2.1 General

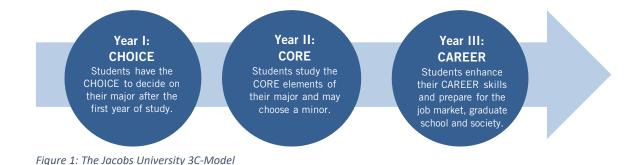
The curricular structure provides multiple elements for enhancing employability, interdisciplinarity, and internationality. The unique Jacobs Track, offered across all undergraduate study programs, provides comprehensive tailor-made modules designed to achieve and foster career competency. Additionally, a mandatory internship of at least two months after the second year of study and the possibility to study abroad for one semester give students opportunities to gain insight into the professional world, apply their intercultural competences and reflect on their roles and ambitions for employment and in a globalized society.

All undergraduate programs at Jacobs University are based on a coherently modularized structure, which provides students with an extensive and flexible choice of study plans to meet the educational aims of their major as well as minor study interests and complete their studies within the regular period.

The framework policies and procedures regulating undergraduate study programs at Jacobs University can be found on the website (<u>https://www.jacobs-university.de/academic-policies</u>).

2.2 The Jacobs University 3C Model

Jacobs University offers study programs that comply with the regulations of the European Higher Education Area. All study programs are structured according to the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS), which facilitates credit transfer between academic institutions. The three-year under-graduate program involves six semesters of study with a total of 180 ECTS credit points (CP). The undergraduate curricular structure follows an innovative and student-centered modularization scheme - the 3C-Model - that groups the disciplinary content of the three study years according to overarching themes:



2.2.1 Year 1 – CHOICE

The first study year is characterized by a university-specific offering of disciplinary education that builds on and expands upon the students' entrance qualifications. Students select introductory modules for a total of 45 CP from the CHOICE area of a variety of study programs, of which 15-30 CP will belong to their intended major. A unique feature of our curricular structure allows students to select their major freely upon entering Jacobs University. The Academic Advising Coordinator offers curricular counseling to all Bachelor students

independently of their major, while Academic Advisors, in their capacity as contact persons from the faculty, support students individually in deciding on their major study program.

To pursue Physics as a major, the following CHOICE modules (15 CP) need to be taken as mandatory modules:

- CHOICE Module: Classical Physics (7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Modern Physics (7.5 CP)

Students can choose between the following mandatory elective modules:

- CHOICE Module: Applied Mathematics (7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems (7.5 CP)

The Classical Physics and Modern Physics modules provide physics students with an overview of the major fields in physics such as mechanics, optics, and thermodynamics (in Classical Physics) and electromagnetism and modern physics (in Modern Physics). With a focus on experimental findings and basic concepts, they summarize high school knowledge, go beyond it, and prepare students for in-depth physics studies in the second year. The modules also contain a lab where students are introduced to basic experimental techniques in physics, performing and analyzing experiments. The mathematical foundations for advanced physics studies are laid out in the Applied Mathematics module (in addition to math-specific methods courses). This module is strongly recommended for physics majors, but can be replaced with the Introduction to RIS (with a MATLAB lab) to accommodate students that plan to pursue a major in RIS or CS. Students who do not take the Applied Mathematics module may have to independently catch up on missing mathematics topics relevant to Electrodynamics and other CORE physics courses.

The remaining CHOICE modules (22.5 CP) can be selected in the first year of study according to interest and/or with the aim of allowing a change of major until the beginning of the second year, when the major choices become fixed (see 2.2.1.1 below).

2.2.1.1 Major Change Option

Students can still change to another major at their beginning of the second year of studies, provided they have taken the corresponding mandatory CHOICE modules in their first year of studies. All students must participate in a seminar on the major change options in the O-Week and consult their Academic Advisor during their first year of studies prior to changing their major.

Physics students who would like to retain an option for a major change are strongly recommended to register for the CHOICE modules of one of the following study programs in their first year. The module descriptions can be found in the respective Study Program Handbook.

• Mathematics (Math)

CHOICE Module: Analysis I (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Advanced Linear Algebra (7.5 CP) *CHOICE Module: Applied Mathematics (7.5 CP)*¹

• Earth and Environmental Sciences (EES)

CHOICE Module: General Earth & Environmental Sciences (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: General Geosciences (7.5 CP)

- Computer Science (CS)
 - CHOICE Module: Programming in C and C++ (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Algorithms and Data Structures (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Introduction to Computer Science (7.5 CP) *CHOICE Module: Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems (7.5 CP)*¹
- Society, Media and Politics (SMP) CHOICE Module: Introduction to the Social Sciences 1: Politics and Society (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Introduction to the Social Sciences 2: Media and Society (7.5 CP)
- Integrated Social and Cognitive Psychology (ISCP) CHOICE Module: Essentials of Cognitive Psychology (7.5 CP) CHOICE Module: Essentials of Social Psychology (7.5 CP)

2.2.2 Year 2 – CORE

In their second year, students take a total of 45 CP from a selection of in-depth, disciplinespecific CORE modules. Building on the introductory CHOICE modules and applying the methods and skills students have already acquired so far (see 2.3.1), these modules aim to expand the students' critical understanding of the key theories, principles, and methods in their major for the current state of knowledge and best practice.

To pursue Physics as a major, the following 30 CP mandatory CORE modules need to be acquired:

- CORE Module: Analytical Mechanics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Electrodynamics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Quantum Mechanics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Statistical Physics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Advanced Physics Lab I (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Advanced Physics Lab II (5 CP)

Students can decide to either complement their studies by taking the following mandatory elective CORE modules (15 CP) from Physics:

- CORE Module: Computational Physics (5 CP),
- CORE Module: Renewable Energy (5 CP),
- CORE Module: Advanced Physics Lab III (5 CP),

or they may substitute these modules with CORE modules from a second field of study according to interest and/or with the aim of pursuing a minor.

The Physics CORE modules contain an advanced discussion of the major fields of physics, as given in their titles. They focus on the theory and mathematical description of the respective

¹ This is one of the two mandatory elective CHOICE modules Physics students have to take in their second semester. Students who would like to retain an option for a change to this study program have to select this option.

fields, but also include discussions of additional experimental findings and methods. In Advanced Physics Lab I, students will perform advanced experiments from mechanics and electrodynamics, whereas in Advanced Physics Lab II, they will perform experiments related to quantum mechanics and statistical physics.

2.2.2.1 Minor Option

Physics students can take CORE modules (or more advanced Specialization modules) from a second discipline, which allows them to incorporate a minor study track into their undergraduate education, within the 180 CP required for a bachelor's degree. The educational aims of a minor are to broaden students' knowledge and skills, support a critical reflection on statements in complex contexts, foster an interdisciplinary approach to problem-solving, and to develop an individual academic and professional profile in line with students' strengths and interests. This extra qualification will be highlighted in the transcript.

The Academic Advising Coordinator, Academic Advisor, and the Study Program Chair of the minor study program support students in the realization of the minor option. In addition, the consultation with the Academic Advisor is mandatory when choosing a minor.

As a rule, this requires Physics students to:

- select CHOICE modules (15 CP) from the desired minor program in the first year and
- substitute mandatory elective Physics CORE modules (15 CP) in the second year with the default minor CORE modules of the minor study program.

The requirements for each specific minor are described in the handbook of the study program offering the minor (Chapter 3.2) and are marked in Study and Examination Plans of the respective programs. For an overview of accessible minors, please check the Major/Minor Combination Matrix which is published at the beginning of each academic year.

2.2.3 Year 3 – CAREER

During their third year, students prepare for and make decisions about their career after graduation. To explore available choices, and to gain professional experience, students take a mandatory summer internship. The third year of studies allows Physics students to take Specialization modules in their discipline, but it also focuses on the responsibility of students beyond their discipline (see Jacobs Track).

The fifth semester also opens a mobility window for a diverse range of study abroad options. Finally, the sixth semester is dedicated to fostering the students' research experience by involving them in an extended Bachelor thesis project.

2.2.3.1 Internship / Start-up and Career Skills Module

As a core element of Jacobs University's employability approach students are required to engage in a mandatory two-month internship of 15 CP that will usually be completed during the summer between the second and third years of study. This gives students the opportunity to gain firsthand practical experience in a professional environment, apply their knowledge and understanding in a professional context, reflect on the relevance of their major to employment and society, reflect on their own personal role in employment and society, and develop a professional orientation. The internship can also establish valuable contacts for the students' Bachelor's thesis project, for the selection of a Master program graduate school or further employment after graduation. This module is complemented by career advising and several career skills workshops throughout all six semesters that prepare students for the transition from student life to professional life. As an alternative to the full-time internship, students interested in setting up their own company can apply for a start-up option to focus on developing their business plans.

For further information, please contact the Career Services Center (<u>https://www.jacobs-university.de/career-services</u>).

2.2.3.2 Specialization Modules

In the third year of their studies, students take 15 CP from major-specific or major-related, advanced Specialization Modules to consolidate their knowledge and to be exposed to state-of-the-art research in the areas of their interest. This curricular component is offered as a portfolio of modules, from which students can make free selections during their fifth and sixth semester. The default Specialization Module size is 5 CP, with smaller 2.5 CP modules being possible as justified exceptions.

To pursue IEM as a major, at least 10 of the 15 CP from the following major-specific Specialization Modules need to be taken:

- PHYSICS Specialization: Condensed Matter Physics (5 CP)
- PHYSICS Specialization: Particles, Fields and Quanta (5 CP)
- PHYSICS Specialization: Biophysics (2.5 CP)
- PHYSICS Specialization: Atoms and Molecules (2.5 CP)
- PHYSICS Specialization: Nanotechnology (2.5 CP)
- PHYSICS Specialization: Advanced Optics (2.5 CP)

A maximum of 5 CP can be taken from major-related modules instead of major-specific Specialization Modules:

- MATH Specialization: Foundations of Mathematical Physics (5 CP)
- ECE CORE: Electronics (5 CP)
- CBT CORE: Physical Chemistry (5 CP)

Students may also select 15 CP entirely from their major-specific Specialization Modules.

Please consult a physics SPC for further options.

The Condensed Matter Physics module contains an in-depth discussion of the basic concepts of solid-state physics and electronic devices. Particles, Fields, and Quanta contains topics on elementary particles and fields and advanced quantum physics, whereas the other four dedicated physics Specialization modules discuss a selection of topics from advanced experimental physics such as biophysics, nanotechnology, advanced optics, or molecular physics. The latter four modules are offered biennially, as listed in the Study and Examination Plan. Suitable modules from other majors can also be chosen as Specializations with the written consent of a physics SPC.

2.2.3.3 Study Abroad

Students have the opportunity to study abroad for a semester to extend their knowledge and abilities, broaden their horizons and reflect on their values and behavior in a different context as well as on their role in a global society. For a semester abroad (usually the 5th semester), modules related to the major with a workload equivalent to 22.5 CP must be completed. Modules recognized as study abroad CP need to be pre-approved according to Jacobs University study abroad procedures. Several exchange programs allow students to directly enroll at prestigious partner institutions worldwide. Jacobs University's participation in Erasmus+, the European Union's exchange program, provides an exchange semester at a number of European universities that include Erasmus study abroad funding.

For further information, please contact the International Office (<u>https://www.jacobs-university.de/study/international-office</u>).

Physics students that wish to pursue a study abroad in their 5th semester are required to select their modules at the study abroad partners such that they can be used to substitute between 10-15 CP of major-specific Specialization modules and between 5-15 CP of modules equivalent to the non-disciplinary Big Questions modules or the Community Impact Project (see Jacobs Track). In their 6th semester, according to the study plan, returning study-abroad students complete the Bachelor Thesis/Seminar module (see next section), they take any missing Specialization modules to reach the required 15 CP in this area, and they take any missing Big Questions modules to reach 15 CP in this area. Study abroad students are allowed to substitute the 5 CP Community Impact Project (see Jacobs Track below) with 5 CP of Big Questions modules.

2.2.3.4 Bachelor Thesis/Seminar Module

This module is a mandatory graduation requirement for all undergraduate students. It consists of two module components in the major study program guided by a Jacobs faculty member: the Bachelor Thesis (12 CP) and a Seminar (3 CP). The title of the thesis will appear on the students' transcripts.

Within this module, students apply the knowledge skills, and methods they have acquired in their major discipline to become acquainted with actual research topics, ranging from the identification of suitable (short-term) research projects, preparatory literature searches, the realization of discipline-specific research, and the documentation, discussion, and interpretation of the results.

With their Bachelor Thesis students demonstrate mastery of the contents and methods of their major-specific research field. Furthermore, students show the ability to analyze and solve a well-defined problem with scientific approaches, a critical reflection of the status quo in scientific literature, and the original development of their own ideas. With the permission of a Jacobs Faculty Supervisor, the Bachelor Thesis can also have an interdisciplinary nature. In the seminar, students present and discuss their theses in a course environment and reflect on their theoretical or experimental approach and conduct. They learn to present their chosen research topics concisely and comprehensively in front of an audience and to explain their methods, solutions, and results to both specialists and non-specialists.

2.3 The Jacobs Track

The Jacobs Track is another important feature of Jacobs University's educational model. The Jacobs Track runs parallel to the disciplinary CHOICE, CORE, and CAREER modules across all study years and is an integral part of all undergraduate study programs. It reflects a university-wide commitment to an in-depth training in scientific methods, fosters an interdisciplinary approach, raises awareness of global challenges and societal responsibility, enhances employability, and equips students with augmented skills desirable in the general field of study. Additionally, it integrates (German) language and culture modules.

2.3.1 Methods and Skills modules

Methods and skills such as mathematics, statistics, programming, data handling, presentation skills, academic writing, and scientific and experimental skills are offered to all students as part of modules within the Methods and Skills area. The modules that are specifically assigned to the study programs equip students with general academic skills. They convey and practice specific methods that are indispensable for their chosen study program. Students are required to take 20 CP in the Methods/Skills area. The size of all Methods and Skills modules is 5 CP.

To pursue Physics as a major, the following Methods and Skills modules (10 CP) need to be taken as mandatory modules:

- Methods Module: Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I (5 CP)
- Methods Module: Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II (5 CP)

For the remaining 10 CP Physics students can choose in each semester among two Methods modules:

- Methods Module: Numerical Methods (5 CP)
- Methods Module: Probability and Random Processes (5 CP)

and

- Methods Module: Programming in Python (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Discrete Mathematics (5 CP)

2.3.2 Big Questions modules

The modules in the Big Questions area (10 CP) intend to broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving between and beyond their chosen disciplines. The offerings in this area comprise problem-solving oriented modules that tackle global challenges from the perspectives of different disciplinary backgrounds that allow, in particular, a reflection of acquired disciplinary knowledge in economic, societal, technological, and/or ecological contexts. Working together with students from different disciplines and cultural backgrounds, these modules cross the boundaries of traditional academic disciplines.

Students are required to take 10 CP from modules in the area. This curricular component is offered as a portfolio of modules, from which students can make free selections during their fifth and sixth semester with the aim of being exposed to the full spectrum of economic, societal, technological, and/or ecological contexts. The size of Big Questions modules is either 2.5 or 5 CP.

2.3.3 Community Impact Project

In their fifth semester students are required to take a 5 CP Community Impact Project (CIP) module. Students engage in on-campus or off-campus activities that challenge their social responsibility, i.e., they typically work on major-related projects that make a difference in the community life on campus, in the campus neighborhood, Bremen, or on a cross-regional level. The project is supervised by a faculty coordinator and mentors.

Study abroad students are allowed to substitute the 5 CP Community Impact Project with 5 CP of Big Questions modules.

2.3.4 Language modules

Communication skills and foreign language abilities foster students' intercultural awareness and enhance their employability in an increasingly globalized and interconnected world. Jacobs University supports its students in acquiring and improving these skills by offering a variety of language modules at all proficiency levels. Emphasis is put on fostering the German language skills of international students as they are an important prerequisite for non-native students to learn about, explore, and eventually integrate into their host country and its professional environment. Students who meet the required German proficiency level (e.g., native speakers) are required to select modules in any other modern foreign language offered (Chinese, French or Spanish). Hence, acquiring 10 CP in language modules, with German mandatory for nonnative speakers, is a requirement for all students. This curricular component is offered as a four-semester sequence of foreign language modules. The size of the Language Modules is 2.5 CP.

3 Physics as a Minor

Physics not only lays the foundation for other natural sciences and many engineering disciplines, but is also a fundamental part of modern technology. A physics minor is especially interesting for students who want to gain a solid quantitative foundation of the description of nature starting with the concepts of motion, force and energy, particles, and fields. In a physics minor, those topics are discussed in more depth and breadth than it is possible in disciplines such as chemistry, life science, or earth and environmental science. Engineering-oriented students can learn more about the scientific foundations of their engineering discipline. By choosing a physics minor, math-oriented students learn how mathematical and computational methods can be applied to describe real-world phenomena or to solve technical problems.

3.1 Qualification Aims

The main objective of a physics minor is a broad overview of the different fields in physics in the first year and a focus on some in-depth topics in the second year. Students will learn the foundations of physics with some advanced concepts of classical and modern physics. In lab courses, they will receive hands-on training in experimental methods and techniques in physics. By writing lab reports, they will gain familiarity with the field-specific language and scientific standards in physics. In the second year, they will focus on a specific topic and use more advanced mathematical tools and advanced physical concepts to describe physical phenomena.

3.1.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

With a minor in Physics, students will be able to:

- recall and understand the basic facts, principles and formula, and experimental evidence from the major fields of physics, namely, classical physics (mechanics, thermodynamics, optics, and electrodynamics), and modern physics;
- describe and understand natural and technical phenomena by reducing them to basic physical principles from selected fields of physics;
- apply basic mathematical methods to describe physical systems;
- examine physical problems and apply appropriate mathematical methods and physical knowledge to find possible solutions within a specific field of physics;
- set up and perform basic experiments in physics, analyze their outcomes with the pertinent precision, and present them properly.

3.2 Module Requirements

A minor in Physics requires 30 CP. The default option to obtain a minor in Physics is marked in the Study and Examination Plan in Chapter 6. It includes the following CHOICE and CORE modules:

- CHOICE Module: Classical Physics (7.5 CP)
- CHOICE Module: Modern Physics (7.5 CP)
- CORE Module: Analytical Mechanics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Quantum Mechanics (5 CP)
- CORE Module: Computational Physics (5 CP)

The selection of CHOICE modules is fixed to ensure a solid foundation in physics, but to accommodate different interests, the default CORE modules for a physics minor might be replaced by other advanced modules (CORE or Specialization) from the physics major upon consultation with the Academic Advisor and the Physics Study Program Chair.

3.3 Degree

After successful completion, the minor in Physics will be listed on the final transcript under PROGRAM OF STUDY and BA/BSc – [name of the major] as "(Minor: Physics)."

4 Physics Undergraduate Program Regulations

4.1 Scope of these Regulations

The regulations in this handbook are valid for all students who entered the Physics undergraduate program at Jacobs University in Fall 2021. In case of conflict between the regulations in this handbook and the general Policies for Bachelor Studies, the latter apply (see http://www.jacobs-university.de/academic-policies)

In exceptional cases, certain necessary deviations from the regulations of this study handbook might occur during the course of study (e.g., change of the semester sequence, assessment type, or the teaching mode of courses).

In general, Jacobs University Bremen reserves therefore the right to change or modify the regulations of the program handbook also after its publication at any time and in its sole discretion.

4.2 Degree

Upon successful completion of the study program, students are awarded a Bachelor of Science degree in Physics.

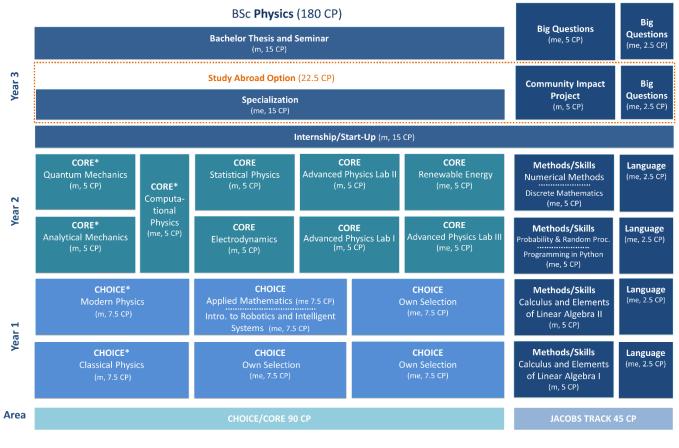
4.3 Graduation Requirements

In order to graduate, students need to obtain 180 CP. In addition, the following graduation requirements apply:

Students need to complete all mandatory components of the program as indicated in the Study and Examination Plan in Chapter 6 of this handbook.

5 Schematic Study Plan for Physics

Figure 2 schematically shows the sequence and types of modules required for the study program. A more detailed description, including the assessment types, is given in the Study and Examination Plan in following section.



* mandatory for minor students m = mandatory

me = mandatory elective

Figure 2: Schematic Study Plan for Physics

6 Study and Examination Plan

Physics BSc

Physics B:															
Matriculation Fall	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·							<u> </u>					
	Program-Specific Modules	Туре	Assessment	Period	Status ¹	Sem.	СР		Jacobs Track Modules (General Education)	Туре	Assessment	Period	Status ¹	Sem.	CP
Year 1 - CHOIC	E CHOICE modules listed below, these are a requirement for the physics ;						45								15
Take the manadory	Unit: Classical and Modern Physics (default minor)	program.					15		Unit: Skills / Methods				_		10
CH-140	Module: Classical Physics (default minor)				m		7.5	JTMS-MAT-09	Module: Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I				m	1	5
CH-140-A	Classical Physics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		1	5	JTMS-09	Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period			
CH-140-B	Classical Physics Lab	Lab	Lab report	During the semester		1	2.5						<u> </u>		
CH-141	Module: Modern Physics (default minor)				m		7.5	JTMS-MAT-10	Module: Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II				m	2	5
CH-141-A CH-141-B	Modern Physics Modern Physics Lab	Lecture	Written exam Lab report	Examination period		2	5	JTMS-10	Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period			
	modern Physics Lab nandatory elective CHOICE modules listed below, these are a requirem			During the semester			2.5		Unit: Language	_			<u> </u>	_	5
CH-202	Module: Applied Mathematics	teni jor ine pr	iysies program (see side	<i>цу рі одгат напавовк).</i>	me	_	7.5	-	German is default language. Native German speakers take modules in	another offi	red language	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T 7	
CH-202-A	Advanced Calculus and Methods of Mathematical Physics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		2	5	JTLA	Module: Language 1	unounce orre	rea angaage.		m	1	2.5
CH-202-B	Numerical Software Lab	Lab	Lab report	During the semester		2	2.5	JTLA-xxx	Language 1	Seminar	r Various	Various	me		
CH-220	Module: Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems				me		7.5	JTLA	Module: Language 2				m	2	2.5
CH-220-A	Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems	Lecture	Written examination	Examination period		2	5	JTLA-xxx	Language 2	Seminar	r Various	Various	me		
CH-220-B	Intro to RIS - lab	Lab				2	2.5								
	Unit: CHOICE (own selection)				me	1/2	22.5	-							
	Take three further CHOICE modules from those offered for other stu	udy programs	: Two modules in 1st, o	ne in 2nd semester.									<u> </u>		
Year 2 - CORE							45								15
Take all modules list	ed below or replace 15 CP of mandatory elective ("me") modules by sui	table CORE i	modules from other stua	v programs ³			45								15
	Unit: Advanced Physics I			<i></i>			15		Unit: Skills / Methods (take a total of 10 CP of skills/methods modu	iles, see list b	(elow)			3+4	10
CO-480	Module: Analytical Mechanics (default minor) ²				m		5	JTMS-MAT-12	Module: Probability and Random Processes				me	3	5
CO-480-A	Analytical Mechanics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		3		JTMS-12	Probability and Random Processes	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period			5
CO-481	Module: Quantum Mechanics (default minor) ²				m		5	JTMS-MAT-13	Module: Numerical Methods				me	4	5
CO-481-A	Quantum Mechanics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		4		JTMS-13	Numerical Methods	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period			5
CO-482	Module: Computational Physics (default minor) ²	T. C			me	2	5 2.5	Alternatives: JTMS-SKI-14	Malla Barranda fa Balan				<u> </u>		5
CO-482-A CO-482-B	Computational Physics I Computational Physics II	Lecture	Project	During the semester		3	2.5	JTMS-5KI-14 JTMS-14	Module: Programming in Python Programming in Python	Lactura	Written avam	Examination period	me		5
00 102 0	Unit: Advanced Physics II	Locidie					15	CO-501	Module: Discrete Mathematics	Lecture	Winten exam	Examination period	me	4	
CO-483	Module: Electrodynamics				m	_	5	CO-501-A	Discrete Mathematics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period			-
CO-483-A	Electrodynamics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		3									
CO-484	Module: Statistical Physics				m	_	5								
CO-484-A	Statistical Physics	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		4									
CO-485	Module: Renewable Energy				me		5								
CO-485-A	Renewable Energy Unit: Advanced Physics Labs	Lecture	Project	During the semester	_	4	15		¥1.4. ¥				<u> </u>	_	5
CO-486	Module: Advanced Physics Labs		Oral exam	Before examination period	m		5		Unit: Language German is default language. Native German speakers take modules in	another offi	anad Jananaaa			ή,	
CO-486-A	Advanced Physics Lab I	Lab	Lab report	During the semester		3	5	JTLA	Module: Language 3	anouler one	red anguage.		m	3	2.5
CO-487	Module: Advanced Physics Lab II		Oral exam	Before examination period	m		5	JTLA-xxx	Language 3	Seminar	Various	Various	me		
CO-487-A	Advanced Physics Lab II	Lab	Lab report	During the semester		4									
CO-488	Module: Advanced Physics Lab III		Oral exam	Before examination period	me		5	JTLA	Module: Language 4				m	4	2.5
CO-488-A	Advanced Physics Lab III	Lab	Lab report	During the semester		5/3		JTLA-xxx	Language 4	Seminar	r Various	Various	me		
Year 3 - CAREE	R						45								15
	M 11 A . 11 (0 10														10
CA-INT-900	Module: Internship / Startup and Career Skills		r		m	4/5	15		Unit: Big Questions						10
CA-INT-900-0	Internship / Startup and Career Skills	Intersnhip	Report/Business Plan	During the 5th semester				JTBQ	Module: Big Questions				m	5/6	
CA-PHY-800	Module: Thesis / Seminar Physics				m	6	15	Take a total of 10	CP of Big Questions modules with each 2.5 or 5 CP	Lecture	Various	Various	me		
CA-PHY-800-S	Thesis Physics	Project	Thesis and	15 th of May			12		Unit: Community Impact Project						5
CA-PHY-800-T	Seminar Physics	Seminar	Presentation	During the semester			3	JTCI-CI-950	Module: Community Impact Project				m	5	5
	Unit: Specialization Physics (Take a total of 15 CP of specialization	modules) 4					15	JTCI-950	Community Impact Project	Project	Project	Examination period			
CA-S-PHY-801	Module: Condensed Matter Physics				me		5								
CA-PHY-801-A CA-PHY-802	Condensed Matter and Devices Module: Particles, Fields and Quanta	Lecture	Written exam	Examination period		5	5								
CA-PHY-802 CA-PHY-802-A	Module: Particles, Fields and Quanta Elementary Particles and Fields	Lecture			me	6	2.5								
CA-PHY-802-A CA-PHY-802-B	Advanced Quantum Physics	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester		6	2.5				-				
CA-PHY-804	Module: Biophysics (A)	Lecture	·		me		2.5			-					
CA-PHY-804-A	Biophysics	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester		6	2.5								
CA-PHY-805	Module: Atoms & Molecules (A)				me		2.5								
CA-PHY-805-A	Atoms & Molecules	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester		6	2.5								
CA-PHY-806	Module: Nanotechnology (B)				me		2.5	-						\vdash	
CA-PHY-806-A	Nanotechnology	Lecture	Presentation	During the semester	_	6	2.5			_					
CA-PHY-807	Module: Advanced Optics (B)	X.	W/ Sc	P 1 2 11	me		2.5			_		L		+	
CA-PHY-807-A Specialization electi	Advanced Optics ves from other study programs (see physics study program handbook)	Lecture	Written exam Various	Examination period Various	me	6 5/6	2.5				+			+	
Total CP	ves nom other study programs (see physics study program handbook)		various	various	me	3/0	5			_	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	180
	terre and the second state of the second state			- dealer to the second second second	111.)		-	-							100
	tory, me = mandatory elective). ² Alternative module choices for a					aalm					+				
	f all CHOICE / CORE / CAREER / Jacobs Track modules please										+				
 Specialization mo 	dules indicated with A or B are offered biennally; the letter A refe	ers to odd-nu	imbered calendar year	s, the letter B refers to even-r	umbered	calenda	r years.						<u> </u>		

7 Physics Modules

7.1 Classical Physics

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Classical Physics		CH-140	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5
Module Compone	ents			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CH-140-A	Classical Physics		Lecture	5
CH-140-B	Classical Physics Lab		Lab	2.5
CH-140-C	Technical Mechanics Lab (for RIS students c	only)	Lab	2.5
<i>Module Coordinator</i> Prof. Dr. Jürgen Fritz	 Program Affiliation Physics 		Mandatory Stat	
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ None	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills☑ None• High school physics • High school math	Frequency Annually (Fall)	Private stu hours)	5 hours) hours) (42 hours)
	ns for Preparation	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 187.5 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

A revision of high school math (especially calculus, analytic geometry, and vector algebra) and high school physics (basics of motion, forces, and energy) is recommended. The level and content follow standard textbooks for calculus-based first-year university physics such as Young & Freedman: University Physics, Halliday & Resnick & Walker: Fundamentals of Physics, and Tipler & Mosca: Physics.

Content and Educational Aims

A. This module introduces students to basic physical principles, facts, and experimental evidence in the fields of classical mechanics, thermodynamics, and optics. It lays the foundations for more advanced physics modules and for other science and engineering disciplines. It is intended for students who already have reasonably solid knowledge of basic physics and mathematics at the high school level.

B. Emphasis is placed on general physical principles and general mathematical concepts for a thorough understanding of physical phenomena. The lectures are complemented by hands-on work in a teaching lab where students apply their theoretical knowledge by performing experiments as well as related data analysis and presentation. Calculus and vector analysis will be used to develop a scientifically sound description of physical phenomena. An optional tutorial is offered to discuss homework or topics of interest in more detail.

C. Topics covered in the module include an introduction to mechanics using calculus, vectors, and coordinate systems; concepts of force and energy, momentum and rotational motion, and gravitation and oscillations; and concepts of thermodynamics such as temperature, heat, ideal gas, and kinetic gas theory up to heat engines and entropy. The module content concludes with an introduction to classical optics including refraction and reflection, lenses and optical instruments, waves, interference, and diffraction.

D. The lectures are complemented by hands-on work in a teaching lab where students apply their theoretical knowledge by performing experiments as well as related data analysis and presentation. The default lab of this module is the Classical Physics Lab offering experiments in mechanics, thermodynamics, and optics. For students majoring in RIS a Technical Mechanics Lab is offered with a focus on technical mechanics experiments. Calculus and vector analysis."

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- recall basic facts and experimental evidence in classical mechanics, thermodynamics, and optics;
- understand the basic concepts of motion, force, energy, oscillations, heat, and light and apply them to physical phenomena;
- describe and understand natural and technical phenomena in mechanics, thermodynamics, and optics by reducing them to their basic physical principles;
- apply basic calculus and vector analysis to describe physical systems;
- examine basic physical problems, find possible solutions, and assess them critically;
- set up experiments, analyze their outcomes by using error analysis, and present them properly;
- record experimental data using basic experimental techniques and data acquisition tools;
- use the appropriate format and language to describe and communicate the outcomes of experiments and the solutions to theoretical problems.

Indicative Literature

H. Young & R. Freedman (2011). University Physics, with modern physics. Upper Saddle River: Prentice Hall.

or

D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker (2018). Fundamentals of Physics, extended version. Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons Inc.

Or

P. Tipler & G. Mosca (2007). Physics for Scientists and Engineers. New York: WH Freeman.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in Physics, ECE and RIS
- Mandatory for a minor in Physics
- Prerequisite for first year Physics CHOICE module "Modern Physics"
- Prerequisite for second year Physics CORE modules "Analytical Mechanics" and "Renewable Energy"

• Elective for all other undergraduate study programs								
Examination Type: Module Component Examinations								
Module Component 1: Lecture								
Assessment Type: Written examination (Lecture),	Duration: 120 min Weight: 67%							
Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lecture (1-5).								
Module Component 2: Lab (Classical Physics Lab/ Classical Mechanics	Lab)							
Assessment Type: Lab Reports (Lab),	Length: 8-12 pages Weight: 33%							
Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lab (1, 6-8).								
Module achievement: 40% of homework points necessary as prerequisi	te to take the final exam.							
Completion: To pass this module, both module component examination	is have to be passed with at least 45%.							

7.2 Modern Physics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Modern Physics			CH-141	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CH-141-A	Modern Physics	Lecture		Lecture	5
CH-141-B	Modern Physics	Lab		Lab	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliati	ion		Mandatory State	IS
Prof. Dr. Jürgen Fritz, Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner, Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	Physics			Mandatory for P	hysics
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning an
Pre-requisites ⊠ Classical Physics	S Co-requisites Knowledge, Abil. Skills ⊠ None • High school • High school		Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (35) Lab (25.5 h Homework p (42 hours) Private study hours) 	nours) problem
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	187.5 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

A revision of high school math (especially calculus, analytic geometry, and vector algebra) and high school physics (basics of forces, fields, energy, and atomic physics) is recommended. The level and content follow standard textbooks for calculus-based first-year university physics such as Young & Freedman: University Physics, Halliday & Resnick & Walker: Fundamentals of Physics, and Tipler & Mosca: Physics.

Content and Educational Aims

Modern technology and the understanding of natural systems are heavily based on electromagnetic phenomena and the physics of the 20th century. This module introduces students to basic physical principles, facts, and experimental evidence from electromagnetism and modern physics. It lays foundations for the more advance physics modules and for other science and engineering disciplines. It is intended for students who already have reasonably solid knowledge of basic physics and mathematics at the high school level. Emphasis is placed on general physical principles and general mathematical concepts for a thorough understanding of physical phenomena. Lectures are complemented by hands-on work in a teaching lab where students apply their theoretical knowledge by performing experiments as well as related data analysis and presentation. Calculus and vector analysis are used to develop a scientifically sound description of physical phenomena. An optional tutorial is offered to discuss homework or topics of interest in more detail.

The electromagnetism part of the module introduces basic electric and magnetic phenomena using the concepts of force, fields, and potentials. This is followed by a discussion of dielectrics and magnetism in matter, electric currents, induction, and Maxwell equations. In the modern physics part, the concepts of quantum physics are introduced to describe the properties and interactions of particles. This includes a discussion of the particle nature of light and the wave-like nature of particles, Schrödinger's equation, the energy levels of atoms, spin, the basics of molecules and solids, semiconductors and devices, nuclear physics, elementary particles and the standard model of particle physics, and cosmology. The purpose of this module is an overview of phenomena, preparing students for the in-depth treatment in the second-year courses.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to:

- recall the basic facts and experimental evidence in electromagnetism and modern physics;
- understand the basic concepts of fields, potential, current, elementary particles and their interactions, and the duality of particles and waves, and apply them to physical phenomena;
- describe and understand natural and technical phenomena in electromagnetism and modern physics by reducing them to their basic physical principles;
- apply calculus and vector analysis to describe physical systems;
- examine basic physical problems, find possible solutions, and assess them critically;
- set up experiments, analyze their outcomes by using error analysis, and present them properly;
- record experimental data using basic experimental techniques and data acquisition tools;
- use the appropriate format and language to describe and communicate the outcomes of experiments and the solutions to theoretical problems.

Indicative Literature

H. Young & R. Freedman (2011). University Physics, with modern physics. Upper Saddle River: Prentice Hall.

or

D. Halliday ,R. Resnick, J. Walker (2018). Fundamentals of Physics, extended version. Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons Inc.

Or

P. Tipler & G. Mosca (2007). Physics for Scientists and Engineers. New York: WH Freeman.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in Physics
- Mandatory for a minor in Physics
- Prerequisite for second year Physics CORE modules "Advanced Physics Lab 1-3" and "Quantum Mechanics"
- Prerequisite for third year Physics Specialization module "Advanced Applied Physics"
- Elective for all other undergraduate study programs

Examination Type: Module Component Examinations

Module Component 1: Lecture Assessment Type: Written examination (Lecture),

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lecture (1-5).

Module Component 1: Lecture

Assessment Type: Lab Reports (Lab),

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lab (1, 6-8).

Module achievement: 40% of homework points necessary as prerequisite to take the final exam.

Completion: To pass this module, both module component examinations have to be passed with at least 45%.

Duration: 120 min Weight: 67%

Length: 8-12 pages Weight: 33%

7.3 Applied Mathematics Applied Mathematics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР	
Applied Mathemat	ics	CH-202	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5		
Module Componen	ts					
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
CH-202-A	Advanced Calcu	lus and Methods of Math	nematical Physics	Lecture	5	
СН-202-В	Numerical Softv	vare Lab		Lab	2.5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Status	;	
Prof. Dr. Marcel Oliver, Prof. Dr. Ulrich Kleinekathöfer	• Mathematic	:S		Mandatory for Mathematics Mandatory elective for ECE and Physics		
<i>Entry</i> <i>Requirements</i> <i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities or Skills Single-variable Calculus at the level achieved in "Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I" 	<i>Frequency</i> Annually (Spring) <i>Duration</i> 1 semester	Forms of Lear Teaching • Lectures (35 • Lab (17.5 hours) Workload 187.5 hours	ours)	

Recommendations for Preparation

Recapitulate single variable Calculus at a level of at least "Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I"

Content and Educational Aims

This module covers advanced topics from calculus that are part of the core mathematics education of every Physicist and also forms a fundamental part of the mathematics major. It features examples and applications from the physical sciences. The module is designed to be taken with minimal pre-requisites and is tightly coordinated with the parallel module Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II. The style of development strives for rigor, but avoids abstraction and prefers simplicity over generality.

Topics covered include:

- Taylor series, power series, uniform convergence
- Advanced concepts from multivariable differential calculus, here mainly the inverse and implicit function theorem; elementary vector calculus and Lagrange multipliers are covered in Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II

- Riemann integration in several variables, and line integrals
- The Gauss and Stokes integral theorems
- Change of variables and integration in polar coordinates
- Fourier integrals and distributions
- Applications to partial differential equations that are important in physics (Laplace, Poisson, diffusion, wave equations)
- Very brief introduction to complex analysis (Cauchy formula and residue theorem)

The lecture part is complemented by a lab course in Numerical Software (Scientific Python), which has become an essential tool for numerical computation and data analysis in many areas of mathematics, physics, and other sciences. Topics include:

- Writing vectorized code using NumPy arrays
- An introduction to SciPy for special functions and black-boxed algorithms (root solvers, quadrature, ODE solvers, and fast Fourier transform)
- Visualization using Matplotlib, including a general introduction to the effective visualization of scientific data and concepts
- The lab also includes a very brief comparative introduction to MATLAB, another standard numerical tool.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. apply series expansions in a variety of mathematical and scientific contexts;
- 2. solve, simplify, and transform integrals in several dimensions;
- 3. explain the intuition behind the major theorems;
- 4. use the major theorems in an application context;
- 5. compute Fourier transforms and apply them to problems in Calculus and Partial Differential Equations;
- 6. distinguish differentiability in a complex from a real variable;
- 7. use numerical software to support simple numerical tasks and to visualize data.

Indicative Literature

S. Kantorovitz (2016). Several Real Variables, Berlin: Springer.

K. Riley, M. Hobson, S. Bence (2006). Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, third edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

D.J. Pine (2018). Introduction to Python for Science and Engineering. Boca Raton: CRC Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory part of the core education in Mathematics.
- Mandatory elective for a major in Physics and ECE
- The curriculum is tightly integrated with the curriculum of the modules "Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I and II" .

- It is also valuable for students in Computer Science, RIS, either as part of a minor in Mathematics, or as an elective module.
- This module is an elective for students of all other undergraduate studies.

Examination Type: Module Component Examinations

Module Component 1: Lecture

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lecture (5, 7).

Module Component 2: Lab

Assessment Type: Lab report

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lab (1-6).

Duration: 120 min, Weight: 67%

Length: Approx. 30 pages, Weight: 33%

Completion: To pass this module, both module component examinations have to be passed with at least 45%.

7.4 Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Introduction to Robot	tics and Intelliger	CH-220	Year 1 (CHOICE)	7.5	
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CH-220-A	Introduction to	Robotics and Intelligent S	ystems	Lecture	5
СН-220-В	Introduction to	Robotics and Intelligent S	ystems - Lab	Lab	2.5
Module Coordinator	 Program Affiliat Robotics ar 	tion nd Intelligent Systems (RIS	3)	is, CS and	
Maurelli			ECE Mandatory elective Physics		
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or	Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	orning and
⊠ None	<i>Skills</i> ⊠ None None		Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (35 hours) Lab (17.5 hours) Private study (115 hours) Exam preparation (20 hours) 	
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	187.5 hours	

Review basic linear algebra concepts, vector and matrix operations.

Content and Educational Aims

This module represents an initial introduction to robotics and intelligent systems, starting from the basics of mathematics and physics applied to simple robotics scenarios. It will cover transformation matrices and quaternions for reference systems. Students will then learn and the basics of trajectory planning and robotic systems. The second part of the module offers an introduction to the modeling and design of linear control systems in terms of ordinary differential equations (ODEs). Students learn how to analyze and solve systems of ODEs using state and frequency space methods. The concepts covered include time and frequency response, stability, and steady-state errors. This part culminates with a discussion on P, PI, PD, and PID controllers. The lab is designed to guide students through practical hands-on work with various components of intelligent systems. It will focus on the interfacing of a microcontroller with commonly used sensors and actuators.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, successful students will be able to

- compute 3D transformations;
- understand and apply quaternion operations;
- apply trajectory planning techniques;
- model common mechanical and electrical systems;
- understand and apply the unilateral Laplace transform and its inverse;
- explore linear systems and tune their behavior;
- program the open-source electronic prototyping platform Arduino;
- interface Arduino to several different sensors and actuators.

Indicative Literature

R. V. Roy, Advanced Engineering Dynamics. R. V. Roy, 2015.

R. N. Jazar, Theory of Applied Robotics. Springer, 2010.

N.S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering. Wiley, 2010.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in RIS, CS, ECE
- Mandatory for a minor in RIS.
- Mandatory elective for a major in Physics.
- This module is the foundation of the CORE modules in the following years.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Module achievement: Lab report

7.5 Analytical Mechanics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Analytical Mechar	nics	CO-480	Year 2 (CORE)	5	
Module Compone	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-480-A	Analytical Mech	anics		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat		Mandatory Statu	IS	
Prof. Dr. Peter Schupp	Physics			Mandatory for Pl	nysics
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	orning ar
Pre-requisites Classical Physics	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Fall)	 Lecture (35 Homework e (55 hours) Private stud hours) 	exercises
	⊠ None	Mathematics at the level of the Applied Mathematics module	Duration 1 semester	Workload	

Mechanics provides the foundation for all other fields of physics. The analytical techniques developed in mechanics have applications in many other sciences, engineering, mathematics and even economics. This module provides an intensive calculus-based introduction to analytical mechanics and special relativity. Topics include: Newton's laws, the kinematics and dynamics of systems of particles, planetary motion, rigid body mechanics, Lagrangian mechanics, variational techniques, symmetries and conservation laws, Hamiltonian mechanics, canonical transformations, small oscillations, and relativistic mechanics. Additional topics may include continuum mechanics and an outlook to general relativity. The course is part of the core physics education and builds on the foundation of the Classical Physics and Applied Mathematics modules. The course is however also accessible and of interest to students without this prerequisite, but with a sufficiently strong background in mathematics. Essential practical experience in analyzing physical phenomena, formulating mathematical models and solving physics problems will be supported by homework exercises in close coordination with the lectures. The aim of the module is an introduction to the core topics of physics at a level that prepares students for BSc thesis research. At the same time, students' mathematical repertoires and problem-solving skills are developed. The module also serves as a foundation for physics specialization subjects.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- understand the classical foundations of physics;
- solve mechanics problems of practical relevance using advanced mathematical techniques;
- analyze mechanical systems using Newton's laws and re-formulate them in terms of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics;
- formulate physical laws using variational methods and derive the equations of the motion of physical systems;
- derive the equivalence of energy and matter in the framework of the special theory of relativity;
- understand Lorentz transformations and apply them;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

D. Morin (2008). Introduction to Classical Mechanics: With Problems and Solutions. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press;

and/or:

L. D. Landau, E. M. Lifshitz (1976). Mechanics. Vol. 1, 3rd ed, *(chapters on Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics).* Oxford: Butterworth-Heinemann

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in Physics.
- One of three default second year CORE modules for a minor in Physics
- Prerequisite for second year Physics CORE module "Statistical Physics"
- Co-requisite for second year Physics CORE module "Advanced Physics Lab 1 and 3"

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Bonus achievement: Additional bonus homework as a voluntary task can improve the grade, but is not required to reach the best grade in the module (1.0).

7.6 Quantum Mechanics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Quantum Mechanic	S	CO-481	Year 2 (CORE)	5	
Module Component	s				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-481-A	Quantum Mech	nanics		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affilia	tion		Mandatory Statu	is
Prof. Dr. Peter Schupp, Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	Physics			Mandatory for Pł	nysics
Entry Requirements	I		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Spring)	 Lectures (3) Homework e 	
⊠ Modern Physics		 Mathematics at the level of the Applied Mathematics 		(55 hours)Private stud hours)	y (35
		Module	Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendations a	for Preparations				
None.					

Content and Educational Aims

At a fundamental microscopic level, our world is governed by quantum phenomena that frequently defy attempts of a common-sense understanding based on our everyday experience of the macroscopic world. Yet modern technology would not be possible without quantum physics. This module provides an intensive introduction to quantum mechanics. We shall emphasize conceptual as well as quantitative aspects of the theory. Topics include: Foundations and postulates of quantum mechanics; Schrödinger Equation; one-dimensional problems (potential barriers and tunneling); operators, matrices, states (Dirac notation, representations); uncertainty relations; harmonic oscillator, coherent states; angular momentum and spin; EPR paradox and Bell inequalities; central potential (hydrogen atom, multi-electron atoms); perturbation theory; mixed states, entanglement, measurement; illustrative examples from quantum information theory (quantum computing). The course is part of the core physics education and it is of interest for students of other natural sciences and mathematics. Essential practical experience in analyzing physical phenomena, formulating mathematical models and solving physics problems will be supported by homework exercises in close coordination with the lectures. The aim of the module is an introduction to core topics of physics at a level that prepares for actual research. At the same time, the mathematical repertoire and problem-solving skills are developed. The module also serves as a foundation for physics specialization subjects.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- describe particle-wave complementarity in quantum mechanics;
- present the theoretical foundations of quantum mechanics;
- solve quantum mechanics problems of practical relevance using advanced mathematical techniques;
- determine the energy levels of quantum systems using algebraic and analytical methods;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

L.I. Schiff (1968). Quantum Mechanics 3Rev Ed edition. *New York:* McGraw-Hill.

and/or

D.J. Griffiths (2004). Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. Upper Saddle River: Prentice Hall International.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in Physics
- One of three default 2nd year CORE modules for a minor in Physics

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.7 Computational Physics

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Computational Physics		CO-482	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Componer	nts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CO-482-A	Computational Physics I		Lecture	2.5
CO-482-B	Computational Physics II		Lecture	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Stati	IS
Prof. Dr. Ulrich Kleinekathöfer	Physics		Mandatory elective for Physics	
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites ⊠ Applied Mathematics (or: Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems)	 Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ☑ None Basics of scientific programming preferably in Python 	Annually (Fall and Spring) <i>Duration</i> 2 semesters	 Lecture (35) Private stucchours) Exercises al (55 hours) Workload 125 hours 	ly (35
Recommendations	s for Preparation			
	of scientific programming preferably in Pytho	n		
Content and Educ				
the natural science of relationships b equations is often useful results for r ordinary differentia	onal Physics module, several practical numeri es in general will be discussed. While, for exam- between physical quantities in mathematical not available. Instead, numerical solutions ba real-life problems. In the module, several num al equations, partial differential equations, qu These important tools in numerical simulat	mple, the very natur terms, an analytic sed on computer pre erical techniques ar adrature, random no	e of physics is the cal solution of th ograms are require e introduced, such umber generation,	expression e resultin ed to obtain as solvin and Mont

including the classical dynamics of particles, chaos theory, electrostatics including the Poisson equation, cellular automata including traffic simulations, random walks, the solution of the time-dependent Schrödinger equation, and so forth. The module includes numerous examples and exercises for programming codes.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- explain the basic strategies to simulate physical systems;
- apply computer simulations to describe and analyze general problems in physics and related sciences;
- design computer programs for specific problems and validate them;
- utilize basic numerical schemes such as iterative approaches;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

H. Gould, J. Tobochnik, W. Christian (2006). Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods. London: Pearson Education.

And/or:

R. H. Landau, M. J. Paez, C. C. Bordeianu. Computational Physics: Problem Solving with Computers. Weinheim: Wiley-VCH.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Computational Physics I focuses on examples relevant for the Analytical Mechanics and Electrodynamics modules, while Computational Physics II focuses on examples relevant for the Statistical Physics and Quantum Mechanics modules.
- Recommended mandatory elective for a major in Physics
- One of three default second year CORE modules for a minor in Physics
- Elective for all other undergraduate study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Duration: 25 hours Weight: 100%

7.8 Electrodynamics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Electrodynamics			CO-483	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-483-A	Electrodynamics	S		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	tion		Mandatory State	IS
Prof. Dr. Ulrich Kleinekathöfer, Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner	Physics			Mandatory for Pl	hysics
Entry Requirements	1		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ Modern	<i>Co-requisites</i>	<i>Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills</i> Mathematical 	Annually (Fall)	 Lectures (3 Homework e (55 hours) Private stud hours) 	exercises
 Modern None Physics Physics Mone Methods at the level of the Applied Mathematics module Electromagnetism at the level of the first-year physics modules 		<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	125 hours		

Content and Educational Aims

Electrodynamics is the prototype theory for all fundamental forces of nature. It plays a profound role in modern communication, computing, and control systems, as well as energy production, transport, storage, and use. This module provides an intensive calculus-based introduction to electrodynamics. Topics include electromagnetic fields, Maxwell's equations, electrostatics, magnetostatics, fields in matter, the covariant formulation of electrodynamics and special relativity, electromagnetic radiation, and optics. The course is part of the core physics education and builds in an essential way on the foundation of the first-year Physics and Applied Mathematics modules. The module is however also accessible and of interest to students without this prerequisite, but with a sufficiently strong background in mathematics. Essential practical experience in analyzing physical phenomena, formulating mathematical models, and solving physics problems will be supported by homework exercises in close coordination with the lectures. The aim of the module is an introduction to the core topics of physics at a level that prepares students for BSc thesis research. At the same time, students' pertinent mathematical repertoires and problem-solving skills are developed. The module also serves as a foundation for physics specialization subjects.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- describe Maxwell's equations and present practical applications of electrodynamics;
- apply advanced mathematical techniques to solve electrodynamics problems;
- analyze electrodynamic phenomena and relate them to the underlying fundamental physical laws including special relativity;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

D.J. Griffiths (2017). Introduction to Electrodynamics, 4th edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

and/or

E. M. Purcell & D.J. Morin. Electricity and Magnetism. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in Physics
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.9 Statistical Physics

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Statistical Physic	S	CO-484	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	ents			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CO-484-A	Statistical Physics		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Statu	IS
Prof. Dr. Stefan Kettemann, Prof. Dr. Ulrich Kleinekathöfer	Physics	Mandatory for Physics		
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and
Pre-requisites ⊠ Analytical Mechanics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills☑ None• First-year mathematics	Annually (Spring)	 Lectures (3 Homework e (55 hours) Private stud hours) 	exercises
		Duration	Workload	
		1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	ns for Preparations		1	
Review thermal p	hysics and calculus at the level of the first-yea	ar courses.		
Content and Edu	cational Aims			
constituents and	s describes macroscopic properties of matte finds applications in fields ranging from biophy with an intensive introduction to statistical p	sics to condensed	matter and high ene	rgy physics

constituents and finds applications in fields ranging from biophysics to condensed matter and high energy physics. This course deals with an intensive introduction to statistical physics and its applications in condensed matter theory. The course starts with an introduction to the mathematical concepts followed by a brief review of the thermodynamic concepts and quantities. Topics in statistical physics include the statistical basis of thermodynamics, micro-canonical, canonical and grand-canonical ensembles, macroscopic variables, physical applications including an introduction to quantum statistical physics such as Fermi and Bose quantum gases, and related physical phenomena. Based on the multi-particle wave functions of fermions, applications in condensed matter physics are discussed, including Bloch wave functions and the density of states. Essential practical experience in analyzing physical phenomena, formulating mathematical models and solving physics problems will be supported by homework exercises in close coordination with the lectures. The aim of the module is an introduction to the core topics of physics at a level that prepares for BSc thesis research. At the same time, students' pertinent mathematical repertoires and problem-solving skills are developed. The module also serves as a foundation for physics specialization subjects.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- understand the theoretical foundations and practical applications of statistical physics;
- solve thermodynamics and statistical physics problems of practical relevance using advanced mathematical techniques;
- analyze properties of gases and condensed matter in terms of microscopic and statistical models;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

S. Salinas (2001). Introduction to Statistical Physics. New York: Springer.

and/or

H. Gould & J. Tobochnik (2010). Thermal and Statistical Physics. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective CORE module for physics majors
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

7.10 Renewable Energy

Module Name	Module			Level (type)	CP
Renewable Energy			CO-485	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	ents		I		1
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-485-A	Renewable Ener	gy		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Statu	'S
Prof. Dr. Stefan Kettemann	Physics			Mandatory ele Physics	ective for
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites ⊠ Classical Physics	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Physics at advanced high school/first- year university level. 	Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (35 Private stud hours) Homework e and project 	y (35 exercises
			Duration 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 125 hours	

None.

Content and Educational Aims

Renewable energy resources promise to provide clean, decentralized solutions to the world's energy crisis, as energy resources that directly depend on the power of the sun's radiation. The module provides an overview of the potential and limitations of energy resources. It includes a self-contained introduction to classical thermodynamics. The module includes an overview of energy scenarios based on current energy needs and available energy resources, an introduction to the basic physics of solar energy and the basics of thermodynamics, as well as the physics and engineering aspects of solar cells, solar thermal collectors, wind power, geothermal power, thermophotovoltaics, the potential of biomass energy resources, and hydro, tidal and wave energy. A basic introduction to energy transport and energy storage is also provided. These topics are complemented by an introduction to the basic physics of other energy resources including nuclear energy.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- present and apply the principles of thermal physics;
- explain advanced concepts of energy generation and storage;
- analyze advantages and disadvantages of different approaches to address the world's energy problem;

- understand the scientific background of energy technologies;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

G. Boyle (1996). Renewable Energy. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

and/or

J. Andrews & N. Jelley (2017). Energy Science. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective CORE module for physics majors
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project,

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

Duration: 25 hours Weight:100%

7.11 Advanced Physics Lab I

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Advanced Physics	Lab I	CO-486	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	nts	l		1
			_	
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CO-486-A	Advanced Physics Lab I		Lab	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory State	IS
Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner, Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	Physics	ysics		hysics
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning an
Pre-requisites ⊠ Modern Physics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills⊠ AnalMech & Eldyn• First-year math	Annually (Fall)	 Lab (51 hours) Private study (74 hours) 	
		Duration	Workload	
		1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation	L		
Students should r	ecap their first-year physics, especially from th	ne lab courses incl	uding error analysis	S
Content and Educ	ational Aims			
experiments. Ther a fundamental pa experiments as it	perimental science. Any hypotheses or theor efore, designing and performing experiments, a rt of any physics education. In this module, s was introduced in the first-year modules; stu atific lab report. They will conduct hands-on	analyzing, and pre students advance dents work more experiments on	senting experiment their knowledge in independently on e	al results performin experiment

mechanics and electrodynamics requiring an advanced theoretical and mathematical description of phenomena. Scheduled experiments are: Dynamics of rotational motion, Ultrasonic waves, Thermal and electrical conductivity, Hall Effect, Polarization of visible light, Scanning electron microscopy (SEM). By working in teams of two, they will set up experiments, record data, analyze it using the appropriate software

By working in teams of two, they will set up experiments, record data, analyze it using the appropriate software and error analysis, and present it in a written report. They will finally describe and explain their work in an oral exam.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. prepare for the conducting of experiments and use experimental equipment for a specific physical problem;
- 2. set up, perform, and evaluate experiments to investigate typical phenomena in mechanics and electrodynamics;
- 3. use experimental techniques and data acquisition tools to record experimental data;
- 4. analyze the outcomes of experiments by mathematical and computational methods, and use error analysis to assess the accuracy and reproducibility of their results;
- 5. use the appropriate format and language to summarize and describe an experiment, and communicate its outcome in a scientific report;
- 6. organize their work and work responsibly in a team to fulfill the given task;
- 7. orally describe and answer basic questions related to the background, the experimental method, and outcome of the experiment.

Indicative Literature

Lab manual will be provided.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory CORE module for a physics major.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor
- Co-requisites are second year CORE modules "Analytical Mechanics" and "Electrodynamics"

Completion: This module is passed with an assessment-component weighted average grade of 45% or higher.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Lab reports (written reports)

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (1-6).

Assessment Component 2: Oral examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (4,7).

Length: 10-15 pages Weight: 70%

Duration: 30 min Weight: 30%

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7.12 Advanced Physics Lab II

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Advanced Physics Lab II			CO-487	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CO-487-A	Advanced Physic	s Lab II		Lab	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliatio	סח		Mandatory Statu	IS
Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny, Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner	Physics			Mandatory for students	Physics
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	orning and
Pre-requisites ⊠ Modern Physics	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ Quantum mechanics &	<i>Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills</i> • First-year math	Annually (Spring)	 Lab (51 hou Private stud hours) 	
	Statistical Physics		Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation				
Students should r	ecap their first-yea	r physics, especially from t	he lab courses inc	luding error analysis	S
Content and Educ	ational Aims				
experiments. Ther a fundamental pa experiments as int a scientific lab rep	efore, designing ar rt of any physics e troduced in the firs port. They will cond	e. Any hypotheses or the nd performing experiments, education. In this module, st-year modules; students we uct hands-on experiments o hiring an advanced theoretic	analyzing, and pre students advance ork more independ n advanced topics	esenting experiment their knowledge in lently on experiment in quantum mechar	al results is performing ts and write nics, atomic

Scheduled experiments are: Two-Electron Spectra, X-rays and particle-wave duality, Zeeman Effect, Faraday and Kerr Effect, Electron spin and nuclear magnetic resonance, NdYAG laser. By working in teams of two they will set up experiments, record data, analyze it using appropriate software and

error analysis, and present it in a written report. They will finally describe and explain their work in an oral exam.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. prepare to conduct experiments and use experimental equipment for a specific physical problem;
- 2. set up, perform, and evaluate experiments to investigate typical phenomena in quantum mechanics and statistical physics;
- 3. use experimental techniques and data acquisition tools to record experimental data;
- 4. analyze the outcomes of experiments by mathematical and computational methods, and use error analysis to assess the accuracy and reproducibility of their results;
- 5. use the appropriate format and language to summarize and describe an experiment, and communicate its outcome in a scientific report;
- 6. organize their work and work responsibly in a team to fulfill the given task;
- 7. orally describe and answer basic questions related to the background, the experimental method and outcome of the experiment.

Indicative Literature

Lab manual will be provided.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory CORE module for a physics major.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor
- Co-requisites are second year CORE modules"Quantum mechanics" and "Statistical Physics"

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Lab reports (written reports)

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (1-6)

Assessment Component 2: Oral examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (4,7)

Completion: This module is passed with an assessment-component weighted average grade of 45% or higher.

Length: 10-15 pages Weight: 70%

Duration: 30 min Weight: 30%

7.13 Advanced Physics Lab III

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Advanced Physics	s Lab III	CO-488	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	ents			
Number	Name		Туре	CP
CO-488-A	Advanced Physics Lab III		Lab	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Stati	IS
Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner, Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	Physics		Mandatory for Pl	nysics
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	orning an
Pre-requisites ⊠ Modern Physics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills⊠ AnalMech & EIDyn• First year math	Annually (Fall) <i>Duration</i>	 Lab (51 house of the second sec	
		1 semester	125 hours	
Recommendation	s for Preparation	1	1	
Students should r	recap their first-year physics, especially from th	ne lab courses inc	luding error analysis	5.
Content and Educ	cational Aims			
experiments. The	xperimental science. Any hypotheses or the refore, designing and performing experiments,	analyzing, and pre	esenting experiment	al results i

experiments. Therefore, designing and performing experiments, analyzing, and presenting experimental results is a fundamental part of any physics education. In this module, experimentally interested students advance their knowledge in performing experiments as it was introduced in the first-year modules; students work more independently on experiments and write a scientific lab report. They will conduct hands-on experiments on selected topics in second-year physics requiring an advanced theoretical and mathematical description of phenomena. Scheduled experiments are: Wind tunnel, HeNe-Laser, Solar cell, Peltier and Seebeck effect, Fuel cell and electrolyzer, Stirling Engine.

By working in teams of two, they set up experiments, record data, analyze it using appropriate software and error analysis, and present it in a written report. They finally describe and explain their work in an oral exam.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. prepare to conduct experiments and use experimental equipment for a specific physical problem;
- 2. set up, perform, and evaluate experiments to investigate typical phenomena in mechanics, electromagnetism, quantum mechanics, and statistical physics;
- 3. use experimental techniques and data acquisition tools to record experimental data;
- 4. analyze the outcomes of experiments by mathematical and computational methods, and use error analysis to assess the accuracy and reproducibility of their results;
- 5. use the appropriate format and language to summarize and describe an experiment, and communicate its outcome in a scientific report;
- 6. organize their work and work responsibly in a team to fulfill the given task;
- 7. orally describe and answer basic questions related to the background, the experimental method and outcome of the experiment.

Indicative Literature

Lab manual will be provided.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective CORE module for the physics major.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor.
- Co-requisites are second year CORE modules "Analytical Mechanics" and "Electrodynamics"

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Lab reports (written reports)

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (1-6)

Assessment Component 2: Oral examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes (4,7)

Completion: This module is passed with an assessment-component weighted average grade of 45% or higher.

Length: 10-15 pages Weight: 70%

Duration: 30 min Weight: 30%

7.14 Condensed Matter Physics

Module Name	Module Code			Level (type)	CP
Condensed Matte	er Physics CA-S-PHY-801			Year 3 (Specialization)	5
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-PHY-801-A	Condensed Matte	er and Devices		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Statu	S
Prof. Dr. Veit Wagner	Physics			Mandatory for Ph	iysics
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lean Teaching	rning an
Pre-requisites ⊠ Statistical Physics	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	<i>Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills</i> Quantum Mechanics 	Annually (Fall)	 Lecture (35 Homework e (45 hours) Private study hours) 	xercises
			Duration	Workload	
			1 semester	125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

Review statistical mechanics and quantum mechanics at the level of the second-year courses.

Content and Educational Aims

Technological progress and the development of new materials and devices requires a detailed description and understanding of the physics of matter. This course provides a thorough introduction to condensed matter and solid-state physics. Topics include different forms of condensed matter, crystal types, and crystal structures. Based on classical and quantum mechanical Bose/Fermi statistics and the concepts of density-functional theory, the models by Drude and Sommerfeld, Fermi sphere, cohesive energy, classical and quantum harmonic crystals, phonons, and quasiparticles are introduced, as well as the structure and dynamics of solids, band theory and electronic properties, optical properties, magnetism, and superconductivity. The working principles of important semiconductor devices are explained, including transistors, LEDs, solid-state lasers, and solar cells.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- determine the basic properties of gases and condensed matter based on microscopic and statistical models;
- describe the behavior of electrons and analyze how they influence macroscopic and electronic properties of materials;
- select basic experimental techniques and procedures needed to study solid state materials;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific technical terms.

Indicative Literature

C. Kittel (2018). Introduction to Solid State Physics. Hoboken: Wiley.

and/or

S. M. Sze & K. K. Lee (2006). Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology. Hoboken: Wiley.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor
- Useful foundation for many BSc thesis research topics.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.15 Particles, Fields and Quanta

Module Name	Module Code			Level (type)	CP
Particles, Fields and Quanta			CA-S-PHY-802	Year 3	5
				(Specialization)	
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-PHY-802-A	Elementary Part	icles and Fields		Lecture	2.5
CA-PHY-802-B	Advanced Quant	um Physics		Lecture	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory State	IS
Prof. Dr. Peter Schupp	Physics			Mandatory el Physics	ective fo
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning an
Pre-requisites ☑ Quantum Mechanics, Analytical Mechanics	e-requisites Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Quantum ⊠ None echanics, alytical echanics bechanics		Annually (Spring) <i>Duration</i>	 Lectures (3 Homework (project/pres (55 hours) Private stuc hours) Workload 	exercises, sentation
			1 semester	125 hours	

Review classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, and electrodynamics at the level of the second-year courses.

Content and Educational Aims

This module is devoted to advanced topics in theoretical physics. The first part of the module is devoted to an introductory overview of theoretical and experimental aspects of elementary particle physics, classical and quantum field theory, and (optionally) aspects of nuclear physics and general relativity. The second part of the module provides an introduction to advanced methods and concepts of quantum mechanics with applications. The focus may change from year to year reflecting current trends in physics, for example, quantum computing. The topics of the module will include entanglement, perturbation theory, second quantization, introductory quantum field theory, Feynman diagrams, and gauge theories of the fundamental forces of nature (Standard Model). Examples of possible further topics are path integrals, molecular quantum mechanics, spin dynamics, geometric phase and topology, coherent states, and quantum information theory.

The physics specialization modules aim to prepare students for their further professional, research, or academic careers in physics and related fields with lectures on important advanced topics in physics, an introduction to scientific research methods and tools, and an exposure to original scientific research literature. Lectures are complemented by homework exercises and student projects that culminate in student presentations and/or term papers.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to:

- describe the building blocks of matter and the fundamental forces of nature;
- calculate quantities of interest in quantum physics like, for example, scattering cross sections or energy levels using perturbation theory and similar advanced methods;
- formulate models of particle physics and quantum systems and derive their properties.

Indicative Literature

T. Lancaster (2015). Quantum Field Theory for the Gifted Amateur. Oxford University Press.

Selected topics from: J.J. Sakurai. Modern Quantum Mechanics. Cambridge University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project with presentation,

Duration of the presentation: 15 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.16 Biophysics

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Biophysics		CA-S-PHY-804	Year 3	2.5
			(Specialization)	
Module Compone	nts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CA-PHY-804	Biophysics		Lecture	2.5
<i>Module Coordinator</i> Prof. Dr. Jürgen Fritz	<i>Program Affiliation</i>Physics		<i>Mandatory Statu</i> Mandatory ele physics	is ective for
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ Modern Physics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills⊠ None• None beyond formal pre- requisites	<i>Frequency</i> Biennially (Spring)	 Forms of Lear Teaching Lectures (11) Homework project presentation hours) Private stu hours) 	7.5 hours) exercises, and
		<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours	
<i>Recommendation</i> None. <i>Content and Educ</i>				
The Biophysics M experimental phys modules provide a physics for advanc in parts based on The physics speci careers in physics scientific research	odule is part of a collection of physics special sics focusing on biophysics, nanotechnology, in introductory overview to a range of interdisci- ced physics majors. After introductions to the original literature. alization modules aim to prepare students for a and related fields with lectures on important in methods and tools, and an exposure to orig homework exercises and/or student projects	advanced optics, a plinary topics in ex fields, seminal and their further profes t advanced topics ginal scientific res	and molecular phy perimental and cor recent research is ssional, research, o in physics, an intro earch literature. L	sics. These nputational discussed, r academic oduction to ectures are

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- reduce complex systems to their basic physical properties;
- explain phenomena in biosystems by basic principles from physics;
- qualitatively but mathematically describe biosystems by their physical properties;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific terms.

Indicative Literature

Not specified - current research literature

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project with presentation

Duration of the presentation: 10 min Weight: 100%

7.17 Atoms & Molecules

<i>Module Name</i> Atoms and Molecu	Module NameMAtoms and MoleculesC			<i>Level (type)</i> Year 3	<i>CP</i> 2.5
Module Compone	nts			(Specialization)	
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-PHY-805	Atoms and Mole	cules		Lecture	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliati	ion		Mandatory Statu	s
Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	 Physics 			Mandatory ele physics	ctive fo
<i>Entry</i> <i>Requirements</i> <i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ Modern Physics	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills • None beyond formal pre- requisites	<i>Frequency</i> Biennially (Spring)	 Forms of Least Teaching Lectures (17) Homework project presentation hours) Private stut hours) 	7.5 hours) exercises an (27.
			<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours	

None.

Content and Educational Aims

The Atoms & Molecules Module is part of a collection of physics specialization modules that cover topics in advanced experimental physics focusing on biophysics, nanotechnology, advanced optics, and molecular physics. These modules provide an introductory overview to a range of interdisciplinary topics in experimental and computational physics for advanced physics majors. The aim of these partially seminar-style lectures is to enable the students to dive into the research on more complex and molecular systems and their optical characterization. After introductions to the fields, seminal and recent research is discussed, in parts based on original literature.

The physics specialization modules aim to prepare students for their further professional, research, or academic careers in physics and related fields with lectures on important advanced topics in physics, an introduction to scientific research methods and tools, and an exposure to original scientific research literature. Lectures are complemented by homework exercises and/or student projects that culminate in student presentations, term papers or written exams depending on the specific module.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- reduce complex systems to their basic physical properties;
- explain the principles of the electronic properties of atoms and molecules including basic theoretical and experimental techniques to probe these properties;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific terms.

Indicative Literature

Not specified - current research literature

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project with presentation

Duration of the presentation: 10 min Weight: 100%

7.18 Nanotechnology

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type) CP
Nanotechnology CA-S-PH			Year 3 2.5 (Specialization)
Module Compone	nts		
Number	Name		Type CP
CA-PHY-806	Nanotechnology		Lecture 2.5
Module Coordinator Prof. Dr. Jürgen Fritz	<i>Program Affiliation</i>Physics		<i>Mandatory Status</i> Mandatory elective f physics
Entry Requirements Pre-requisites ⊠ Modern Physics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills⊠ None• None beyond formal pre- requisites	<i>Frequency</i> Biennially (Spring)	 Forms of Learning at Teaching Lectures (17.5 hours) Homework exercise project at presentation (27 hours) Private study (17 hours)
		Duration	Workload
Recommendation	s for Preparation	1 semester	62.5 hours
None.			
Content and Educ	cational Aims		
experimental phys modules provide a physics for advance in parts based on The physics speci careers in physics scientific research complemented by	by Module is part of a collection of physics spe- sics focusing on biophysics, nanotechnology, an introductory overview to a range of interdisci- ced physics majors. After introductions to the original literature. alization modules aim to prepare students for and related fields with lectures on importan- in methods and tools, and an exposure to original whomework exercises and/or student projects	advanced optics, a plinary topics in ex fields, seminal and their further profes t advanced topics ginal scientific res	and molecular physics. The perimental and computation I recent research is discusse ssional, research, or academ in physics, an introduction search literature. Lectures a
papers or written of	exams depending on the specific module.		
Intended Learning	g Outcomes		
Dutha and aftha	modula, students will be able to		

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- reduce complex systems to their basic physical properties;
- explain phenomena in nanosystems by basic principles from physics;
- qualitatively but mathematically describe nanosystems by their physical properties;
- communicate in scientific language using advance field-specific terms.

Indicative Literature

Not specified - current research literature

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Project with presentation

Duration of the presentation: 10 min Weight: 100%

7.19 Advanced Optics

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Advanced Optics		CA-S-PHY-807	Year 3 (Specialization)	2.5
Module Compone	nts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CA-PHY-807	Advanced Optics		Lecture	2.5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation Physics		Mandatory Statu	
Prof. Dr. Arnulf Materny	Physics		Mandatory ele physics	ctive for
<i>Entry</i> <i>Requirements</i> <i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ Modern Physics	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or⊠ NoneSkills● Nonebeyondformalpre-requisites	<i>Frequency</i> Biennially (Spring) <i>Duration</i> 1 semester	 Forms of Lear Teaching Lectures (17) Homework project presentation hours) Private stur hours) Workload 62.5 hours 	7.5 hours) exercises, and (27.5
	rational Aims ics Module is part of a collection of physics spe			
modules provide a	sics focusing on biophysics, nanotechnology, n introductory overview to a range of interdisci ced physics majors. After introductions to the original literature.	plinary topics in ex	perimental and con	nputationa

The physics specialization modules aim to prepare students for their further professional, research, or academic careers in physics and related fields with lectures on important advanced topics in physics, an introduction to scientific research methods and tools, and an exposure to original scientific research literature. Lectures are complemented by homework exercises and/or student projects that culminate in student presentations, term papers or written exams depending on the specific module.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- Understanding of experimental optics (geometric and wave optics);
- application of techniques allowing for the numerical simulation of optical elements;
- communicate in scientific language using advanced field-specific terms.

Indicative Literature

Not specified - current research literature

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory elective specialization module for physics majors.
- Possible (mandatory) elective for a physics minor

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination	Duration: 90 min
	Weight: 100%

7.20 Foundation of Mathematical Physics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Foundations of Mathematical Physics			CA-S-MATH- 806	Year 2/3 (Specialization)	5
Module Componen	ts				I
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-MATH-806	Foundations of Mathematical Physics		Lecture	5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status		
Prof. Dr. Sören Petrat	Mathematics		Mandatory elective fo Mathematics and Physics		
Entry Requirements	I		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning an
Pre-requisites	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Good command of linear algebra, analysis, and 	Biennially (Fall)	 Lectures (35) Private study hours) 	
AppliedMathematicsOr			Duration	Workload	
⊠Introduction to Robotics and Intelligent Systems (RIS)		calculus	1 semester	125 hours	

Review material from pre-requisite modules, especially Applied Mathematics. Having taken Applied Mathematics is recommended.

Content and Educational Aims

This module is about the application of mathematics in physics. Physics and mathematics have a very intimate relationship. On the one hand, big discoveries in physics have often led to interesting new mathematics, and on the other hand, new developments in mathematics have made possible new discoveries in physics. The goal of this module is to look at some examples of that, and to gain an insight what role rigorous mathematics has played and plays today in explaining physical phenomena. This class discusses examples from the major theories of classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, electrodynamics, and statistical mechanics.

A selection of the following topics will be covered:

- Mathematical foundations of classical mechanics
- Hamiltonian dynamics and symplectic geometry
- Integrable systems
- Special functions
- Mathematical foundations of quantum mechanics
- Quantum entanglement
- Fourier analysis
- Variational methods
- Non-linear partial differential equations from physics
- Scattering theory
- Many-body quantum mechanics and second quantization
- Geometric foundations (differential geometry)
- Mathematical problems in statistical mechanics and other fields of physics

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- demonstrate the application of mathematics in the context of physics
- explain the mathematical foundations of classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, statistical physics, and electrodynamics
- discuss the solutions to both linear and non-linear equations in physics
- breakdown the Hamiltonian formalism in the context of classical and quantum mechanics
- apply variational methods and their role in minimization and maximization problems

Indicative Literature

S.J. Gustafson, I.M. Sigal (2010). Mathematical Concepts of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition. Berlin: Springer.

G. Teschl (2014). Mathematical Methods in Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition. Rhode Island: AMS.

W. Thirring (1997). Classical Mathematical Physics - Dynamical Systems and Field Theories, 3rd edition, Berlin: Springer.

W. Thirring (2002). Quantum Mathematical Physics - Atoms, Molecules and Large Systems, 2nd edition. Berlin: Springer.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in Mathematics to be taken in Semester 3 or 5.
- Possible mandatory Elective for a minor in Mathematics
- Mandatory elective for a major in Mathematics
- Mandatory elective Specialization module for a major Physics
- Elective for students of all other undergraduate studies

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

7.21 Physical Chemistry

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Physical Chemistr	у	CO-440	Year 2 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	nts			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
CO-440-A	Physical Chemistry		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status	
Prof. Dr. Detlef Gabel	Chemistry and Biotechnology (CBT)		Mandatory for CBT mandatory elective fo Physics and MCCB	
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	Annually (Fall)	Lecture (45Private stud	
General and Inorganic Chemistry	None • None beyond formal prerequisites		hours)Exam prepa hours	ration (35
	p. 0. 04 2.0100	Duration	Workload	
or		0	105 have	
⊠Modern Physics		2 semesters	125 hours	
<i>Recommendation</i> None	s for Preparation	1	1	
Content and Educ	ational Aims			
intermolecular for knowledge is esse	vides an introduction to Physical Chemistry ces, surfaces, and electrochemistry. It also pro- ntial to understand when chemical reactions of reract with each other and the solvent.	vides an introduct	ion to quantum che	mistry. Thi
Intended Learning	g Outcomes			
By the end of the	module, the student will be able to			
differentia	as laws to predict the behavior of perfect and r ate between enthalpy, entropy, and Gibbs ener Gibbs energy with equilibrium constants.	-		

- correlate Gibbs energy with equilibrium constants;
- derive the velocities of reactions of zero, first, and the second order;
- derive the velocities of enzyme reactions and coupled reactions;
- explain and apply the concept of activation energy;
- calculate the velocity of reactions as a function of temperature;
- recognize phase transitions from measurable properties;
- explain and apply fundamentals in electrochemistry;
- explain how given molecules and their functional groups can interact with each other and their surroundings;
- recognize the different approaches to quantum chemical calculations;
- use an electronic lab book and share their own results with others through it;
- derive the fundamental equations of importance in physical chemistry;
- demonstrate presentation skills;

Indicative Literature

Atkins and de Paula, Elements of Physical Chemistry, 7th edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2017.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Pre/corequisite for the Inorganic and Physical Chemistry lab
- Mandatory for a Major and a Minor in CBT
- Mandatory elective specialization module for third year Physics and MCCB major students;

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Written examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the module (1-12)

Assessment Component 2: Presentation

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the module (13-14)

Duration 15 min Weight 25%

Duration: 120 min. Weight: 75%

Completion: This module is passed with an assessment-component weighted average grade of 45% or higher.

7.22 Electronics

Type CP Lecture 2.5 Lab 2.5 Mandatory Status
Lecture2.5Lab2.5Mandatory Status
Lab 2.5 Mandatory Status
Mandatory Status
Mandatany far FO
Mandatory for EC Mandatory elective for Physics
ency Forms of Learning an Teaching Ily
Lecture (17,5 hours)Lab (25.5 hours)
Private Study (82.00) Workload ester 125 hours
9:

Recommendations for Preparation

Revise linear circuits from your 1st year, and get textbook & lab material. See dedicated module Web pages for details (links on CampusNet).

Content and Educational Aims

Electronics and circuits are at the core of modern technology. This module comprises a lecture and a lab component. It builds on the 1st year General Electrical Engineering modules and provides a more in-depth coverage of the analysis and, in particular, the design of linear and nonlinear analog circuits. After a recap on linear circuits techniques, the lecture gives an introduction to fundamental nonlinear electronic devices, and electronic circuits. Starting from semiconductor properties, the operation principles and various applications of diodes, bipolar junction transistors (BJTs), and field-effect transistors (MOSFETs) are discussed. Different electronic circuits are analyzed and designed including rectifiers, voltage doublers, single- and multi-stage amplifiers, and operational amplifier (OpAmp) stages. While the lecture emphasizes theoretical concepts, the lab provides practical experience and allows the students to relate concrete hardware to device and circuit models. LTSpice are used for the simulation of the basic components and circuits. Experiments include RLC circuits, filters and resonators, diodes, pn-junctions and their application, bipolar junction transistors (BJT) and elementary transistor circuits including amplifiers, differential amplifiers and the basics of operational amplifiers, application of operational amplifiers. MOS field effect transistors and their application in amplifiers and inverter circuits.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students should be able to

- 1. explain fundamental electronic devices;
- 2. analyze and design electronic circuits, in particular linear networks, amplifiers, and operational amplifier circuits, based on a modular approach;
- 3. compare different designs with regard to their performance figures like voltage gain, current gain, band width;
- 4. operate lab equipment (oscilloscopes, electric sources, voltmeters) to investigate DC and AC circuits.

Indicative Literature

David Comer and Donald Comer, Fundamentals of Electronic Circuit Design, Wiley, 2002.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Pre-requisite for the 2nd year PCB design lab and 3rd year ECE specialization modules Embedded Systems and Digital Design
- This module builds on the GenEE1 and GenEE2 modules (as well as on physics CORE module Electrodynamics) and prepares the students for practical specializations in their 3rd year.
- Mandatory elective 3rd year Specialization module for Physics major students.
- Mandatory for major in ECE.

Examination Type: Module Component Examination

Module Component 1: Lecture

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lecture (1-3).

Module Component 2: Lab

Assessment Type: Lab reports

Duration: 120 min Weight: 50%

Length: 5-10 pages per experiment session Weight: 50%

Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the lab (2-4).

Completion: To pass this module, the examination of each module component has to be passed with at least 45%.

7.23 Internship / Startup and Career Skills

Module Name M		Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Internship / Startup and Career Skills			CA-INT-900	Year 3 (CAREER)	15
Module Compone	nts				
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-INT-900-0	Internship		Internship	15	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Status Mandatory for all undergraduate		
Sinah Vogel & Dr. Tanja Woebs (CSC Organization); SPC / Faculty Startup Coordinator (Academic responsibility)	• CAREER m	odule for undergraduate stud	ly programs	study programs	
Entry Requirements			<i>Frequency</i> Annually	• Internship	<i>ing and Teaching</i> /Start-up
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	equisites Knowledge, Abilities, o Skills	(Spring/Fall)	workshops	event info-sessions, and career
⊠ at least 15 CP from CORE modules in the major	 None Information provided on CSC pages (see below) Major specific knowledge and skills 		 events Self-study, online tuto 		
		<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	Workshops	(308 hours) (33 hours) Event (2 hours)	

• Please see the section "Knowledge Center" at JobTeaser Career Center for information on Career Skills seminar and workshop offers and for online tutorials on the job market preparation and the application process. For more information, please see https://www.jacobs-university.de/employability/career-services

• Participating in the internship events of earlier classes

Content and Educational Aims

The aims of the internship module are reflection, application, orientation, and development: for students to reflect on their interests, knowledge, skills, their role in society, the relevance of their major subject to society, to apply these skills and this knowledge in real life whilst getting practical experience, to find a professional orientation, and to develop their personality and in their career. This module supports the programs' aims of preparing students for gainful, qualified employment and the development of their personality.

The full-time internship must be related to the students' major area of study and extends lasts a minimum of two consecutive months, normally scheduled just before the 5th semester, with the internship event and submission of the internship report in the 5th semester. Upon approval by the SPC and CSC, the internship may take place at other

times, such as before teaching starts in the 3rd semester or after teaching finishes in the 6th semester. The Study Program Coordinator or their faculty delegate approves the intended internship a priori by reviewing the tasks in either the Internship Contract or Internship Confirmation from the respective internship institution or company. Further regulations as set out in the Policies for Bachelor Studies apply.

Students will be gradually prepared for the internship in semesters 1 to 4 through a series of mandatory information sessions, seminars, and career events.

The purpose of the Career Services Information Sessions is to provide all students with basic facts about the job market in general, and especially in Germany and the EU, and services provided by the Career Services Center.

In the Career Skills Seminars, students will learn how to engage in the internship/job search, how to create a competitive application (CV, Cover Letter, etc.), and how to successfully conduct themselves at job interviews and/or assessment centers. In addition to these mandatory sections, students can customize their skill set regarding application challenges and their intended career path in elective seminars.

Finally, during the Career Events organized by the Career Services Center (e.g. the annual Jacobs Career Fair and single employer events on and off campus), students will have the opportunity to apply their acquired job market skills in an actual internship/job search situation and to gain their desired internship in a high-quality environment and with excellent employers.

As an alternative to the full-time internship, students can apply for the StartUp Option. Following the same schedule as the full-time internship, the StartUp Option allows students who are particularly interested in founding their own company to focus on the development of their business plan over a period of two consecutive months. Participation in the StartUp Option depends on a successful presentation of the student's initial StartUp idea. This presentation will be held at the beginning of the 4th semester. A jury of faculty members will judge the student's potential to realize their idea and approve the participation of the students. The StartUp Option is supervised by the Faculty StartUp Coordinator. At the end of StartUp Option, students submit their business plan. Further regulations as outlined in the Policies for Bachelor Studies apply.

The concluding Internship Event will be conducted within each study program (or a cluster of related study programs) and will formally conclude the module by providing students the opportunity to present on their internships and reflect on the lessons learned within their major area of study. The purpose of this event is not only to self-reflect on the whole internship process, but also to create a professional network within the academic community, especially by entering the Alumni Network after graduation. It is recommended that all three classes (years) of the same major are present at this event to enable networking between older and younger students and to create an educational environment for younger students to observe the "lessons learned" from the diverse internships of their elder fellow students.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students should be able to

- describe the scope and the functions of the employment market and personal career development;
- apply professional, personal, and career-related skills for the modern labor market, including selforganization, initiative and responsibility, communication, intercultural sensitivity, team and leadership skills, etc.;
- independently manage their own career orientation processes by identifying personal interests, selecting appropriate internship locations or start-up opportunities, conducting interviews, succeeding at pitches or assessment centers, negotiating related employment, managing their funding or support conditions (such as salary, contract, funding, supplies, work space, etc.);
- apply specialist skills and knowledge acquired during their studies to solve problems in a professional environment and reflect on their relevance in employment and society;
- justify professional decisions based on theoretical knowledge and academic methods;
- reflect on their professional conduct in the context of the expectations of and consequences for employers and their society;
- reflect on and set their own targets for the further development of their knowledge, skills, interests, and values;
- establish and expand their contacts with potential employers or business partners, and possibly other students and alumni, to build their own professional network to create employment opportunities in the future;
- discuss observations and reflections in a professional network.

Indicative Literature

Not specified

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for a major in BCCB, CBT, CS, EES, GEM, IBA, IRPH, ISCP, Math, MCCB, Physics, RIS, and SMP. •
- This module applies skills and knowledge acquired in previous modules to a professional environment and • provides an opportunity to reflect on their relevance in employment and society. It may lead to thesis topics.

Examination Type: Module Examination Assessment Type: Internship Report or Business Plan and Reflection Scope: All intended learning outcomes

Length: approx. 3.500 words Weight: 100%

7.24 Thesis and Seminar Physics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Thesis and Semir	ar Physics		CA-PHY-800	Year 3 (CAREER)	15
Module Compone	nts	L			I
Number	Name			Туре	СР
CA-PHY-800-S	Physics Research Seminar			Seminar	3
CA-PHY-800-T	Physics Thesis			Project work	12
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation			Mandatory Status	
Prof. Dr. Jürgen Fritz, Prof. Dr. Peter Schupp	Physics			Mandatory for majors	r Physic
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning an
Pre-requisites ⊠ Students must be in the third year and have taken at least 30 CP from CORE modules of their major	Skills • A	e, Abilities, or Icademic rriting skills	Annually (Spring) <i>Duration</i>	 Seminar (40 Project work hours) Private stuck hours) Workload 	k (200
				375 hours	

• Students need to recap their physics knowledge in the specific field of their thesis.

• Identify an area or a topic of interest and discuss this with your prospective supervisor in good time.

• Create a research proposal including a research plan to ensure timely submission.

• Ensure you possess all required technical research skills or are able to acquire them on time.

• Review the University's Code of Academic Integrity and Guidelines to Ensure Good Academic Practice.

Content and Educational Aims

Within this module, students use their knowledge in physics, and their mathematical and experimental skills gained during their studies, to become acquainted with an actual research topic. They will demonstrate their mastery of the content and methods of a specific research field in physics as provided by faculty. In the seminar students will read, research, and present seminal papers of physics research. For their thesis they will familiarize themselves with a research topic and conduct physics research under guidance by faculty and research group members. The thesis includes performing experiments or theoretical calculations, the description and documentation of results, and the discussion and interpretation of outcomes. Results will be presented in a

And documentation of results, and the discussion and interpretation of outcomes. Results will be presented in a Physics Thesis Colloquium and will be written up and documented in a Bachelor Thesis according to the scientific standards in Physics.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- 1. familiarize themselves with a new field in physics, by finding, reviewing, and digesting the relevant scientific literature;
- 2. prepare for a specific research problem in physics by researching the necessary experimental techniques and/or theoretical and mathematical approaches;
- 3. use and apply the appropriate experimental or theoretical/mathematical techniques to solve a problem in physics;
- 4. analyze the outcome of their research work and evaluate it through discussions with senior scientists;
- 5. organize their work and work responsibly and independently in a research team to fulfill a given task or solve a given problem;
- 6. use the appropriate format and language to summarize and describe their findings in a scientific report (thesis);
- **7.** answer basic questions related to the background, the method used, and the outcomes of their research project;
- *8.* use the appropriate language of the scientific community to communicate, discuss, and defend scientific findings and ideas in physics.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory CAREER modules for the physics major.
- This module builds on all previous modules of the program. Students apply the knowledge, skills and competencies they acquired and practiced during their studies, including research methods and the ability to independently acquire additional skills as and if required.

Examination Type: Module Component Examinations

Module Component 1: Thesis/Projekt Assessment Type: Thesis (Thesis)

Scope: All intended learning outcomes.

Module Component 2: Seminar

Type: Presentation (Seminar), Duration: 15-30 minutes, Weight: 20% Scope: Intended learning outcomes 1, 2, 4, 7, 8.

Completion: To pass this module, both module component examinations have to be passed with at least 45%.

Length: 20-30 pages Weight: 80%

7.25 Jacobs Track Modules

7.25.1 Methods and Skills Modules

7.25.1.1 Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Calculus and Eleme	nts of Linear Algebra I	JTMS-MAT-09	Year 1 (Methods)	5
Module Component	S			
			_	
Number	Name		Туре	СР
JTMS-09	Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory State	us
Dr. Keivan Mallahi	Jacobs Track – Methods and Skills		Mandatory for C RIS, MATH and	
Karai, Prof. Dr. Tobias Preußer			Mandatory elec EES	tive for
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Learn Teaching	ning and
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Co- requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills•Knowledge of Pre- Calculus at High School level (Functions, inverse	Annually (Fall)	 Lectures (3 hours) Private stud hours) 	
	 functions, sets, real numbers, polynomials, rational functions, trigonometric functions, logarithm and exponential function, parametric equations, tangent lines, graphs, elementary methods for solving systems of linear and nonlinear equations) Knowledge of Analytic Geometry at High School level (vectors, lines, planes, reflection, rotation, translation, dot product, cross product, 	Duration 1 semester	Workload 125 hours	

norm	al vector, polar
COOP	linates)
• Som	e familiarity with
elem	entary Calculus
(limi	s, derivative) is
help	ul, but not strictly
requ	red.

Recommendations for Preparation

Review all of higher-level High School Mathematics, in particular the topics explicitly named in "Entry Requirements – Knowledge, Ability, or Skills" above.

Content and Educational Aims

This module is the first in a sequence introducing mathematical methods at the university level in a form relevant for study and research in the quantitative natural sciences, engineering, Computer Science, and Mathematics. The emphasis in these modules is on training operational skills and recognizing mathematical structures in a problem context. Mathematical rigor is used where appropriate. However, a full axiomatic treatment of the subject is provided in the first-year modules "Analysis I" and "Linear Algebra".

The lecture comprises the following topics

- Brief review of number systems, elementary functions, and their graphs
- Brief introduction to complex numbers
- Limits for sequences and functions
- Continuity
- Derivatives
- Curve sketching and applications (isoperimetric problems, optimization, error propagation)
- Introduction to Integration and the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
- Review of elementary analytic geometry
- Vector spaces, linear independence, bases, coordinates
- Matrices and matrix algebra
- Solving linear systems by Gauss elimination, structure of general solution
- Matrix inverse

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- apply the methods described in the content section of this module description to the extent that they can solve standard text-book problems reliably and with confidence;
- recognize the mathematical structures in an unfamiliar context and translate them into a mathematical problem statement;
- recognize common mathematical terminology used in textbooks and research papers in the quantitative sciences, engineering, and mathematics to the extent that they fall into the content categories covered in this module.

Indicative Literature

S.I. Grossman (2014). Calculus of one variable, 2nd edition. Cambridge: Academic Press.

S.A. Leduc (2003). Linear Algebra. Hoboken: Wiley.

K. Riley, M. Hobson, S. Bence (2006). Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, third edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory / mandatory elective module of the Methods and Skills area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- The module is followed by "Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II". All students taking this module are expected to register for the follow-up module.
- A rigorous treatment of Calculus is provided in the module "Analysis I". All students taking "Analysis I" are expected to either take this module or exceptionally satisfy the conditions for advanced placement as laid out in the Jacobs Academic Policies for Undergraduate Study.
- The second-semester module "Linear Algebra" will provide a complete proof-driven development of the theory of Linear Algebra. Students enrolling in "Linear Algebra" are expected to have taken this module; in particular, the module "Linear Algebra" will assume that students are proficient in the operational aspects of Gauss elimination, matrix inversion, and their elementary applications.
- This module is a prerequisite for the module "Applied Mathematics" which develops more advanced theoretical and practical mathematical tools essential for any physicist or mathematician.
- Mandatory for a major in CS, ECE, RIS, MATH and Physics
- Mandatory elective for a major in EES.
- Pre-requisite for Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II
- Elective for all other study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module

7.25.1.2 Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Calculus and Elements of	Linear Algebra II		JTMS-MAT- 10	Year 1 (Methods)	5	
Module Components						
Number	Name			Туре	СР	
JTMS-10	Calculus and Elements of L	inear Algebra	a II	Lecture	5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation Mandatory State				s	
Dr. Keivan Mallahi Karai, Prof. Dr. Tobias Preußer	 Jacobs Track – Metho 	ods and Skills	5	Mandatory for CS, E0 MATH, Physics and RIS		
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear	ning and	
Pre-requisites ☑ Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I	Co- Knowledge, Abilities requisites or Skills ⊠ None • None beyond formal pre- requisites		Annually (Spring)	 Lectures (35 hour Private study (90 hours) 		
		-	Duration	Workload		
			1 semester	125 hours		
Recommendations for Prep	paration					
Review the content of Calc	ulus and Elements of Linear	Algebra I				
Content and Educational A	lims					
relevant for study and re Mathematics. The empha structures in a problem cor	d in a sequence introducing search in the quantitative usis in these modules is on the text. Mathematical rigor is us n the first-year modules "Ana	natural scien training opera ed where app	ices, engineerin ational skills ar ropriate. Howev	ng, Computer Scient ad recognizing mater, a full axiomatic	ence, and hematica	
The lecture comprises the • Directional deriva	following topics tives, partial derivatives					
• Linear maps						

• Gradient and curl (elementary treatment only, for more advanced topics, in particular the connection to the Gauss and Stokes' integral theorems, see module "Applied Mathematics"

- Optimization in several variables, Lagrange multipliers
- Elementary ordinary differential equations
- Eigenvalues and eigenvectors
- Hermitian and skew-Hermitian matrices
- First important example of eigendecompositions: Linear constant-coefficient ordinary differential equations
- Second important example of eigendecompositions: Fourier series
- Fourier integral transform
- Matrix factorizations: Singular value decomposition with applications, LU decomposition, QR decomposition

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- apply the methods described in the content section of this module description to the extent that they can solve standard text-book problems reliably and with confidence;
- recognize the mathematical structures in an unfamiliar context and translate them into a mathematical problem statement;
- recognize common mathematical terminology used in textbooks and research papers in the quantitative sciences, engineering, and mathematics to the extent that they fall into the content categories covered in this module.

Indicative Literature

S.I. Grossman (2014). Calculus of one variable, 2nd edition. Cambridge: Academic Press.

S.A. Leduc (2003). Linear Algebra. Hoboken: Wiley.

K. Riley, M. Hobson, S. Bence (2006). Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, third edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory / mandatory elective module of the Methods and Skills area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- A more advanced treatment of multi-variable Calculus, in particular, its applications in Physics and Mathematics, is provided in the second-semester module "Applied Mathematics". All students taking "Applied Mathematics" are expected to take this module as well as the module topics are closely synchronized.
- The second-semester module "Linear Algebra" provides a complete proof-driven development of the theory of Linear Algebra. Diagonalization is covered more abstractly, with particular emphasis on degenerate cases. The Jordan normal form is also covered in "Linear Algebra", not in this module.
- Mandatory for CS, ECE, MATH, Physics and RIS.
- Elective for all other study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100% Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module

7.25.1.3 Probability and Random Processes

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Probability and Ran	dom Processes	JTMS-MAT-12	Year 2 (Methods)	5
Module Component	\$			
Number	Name		Туре	СР
JTMS-12	Probability and random processes	Lecture	5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation		Mandatory Stat	ius
Dr. Keivan Mallahi Karai, Prof. Dr.	Jacobs Track – Methods and Skills	Mandatory for CS ECE, MATH and RIS		
Tobias Preußer			Mandatory elec EES, Physics	tive fo
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Learn Teaching	ing an
Pre-requisites	Co- Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills requisites	Annually (Fall)	Lectures (3)	35
Calculus and Elements of Linear	☑ None Knowledge of calculus at the level of a first year 		hours)Private stuhours)	dy (90
Algebra I & II	calculus module (differentiation, integration with one and	Duration	Workload	
Recommendations	several variables, trigonometric functions, logarithms and exponential functions). • Knowledge of linear algebra at the level of a first year university module (eigenvalues and eigenvectors, diagonalization of matrices). • Some familiarity with elementary probability theory at the high school level.	1 semester	125 hours	

Review all of the first year calculus and linear algebra modules as indicated in "Entry Requirements – Knowledge, Ability, or Skills" above.

Content and Educational Aims

This module aims to provide a basic knowledge of probability theory and random processes suitable for students in engineering, Computer Science, and Mathematics. The module provides students with basic skills needed for formulating real-world problems dealing with randomness and probability in mathematical language, and methods for applying a toolkit to solve these problems. Mathematical rigor is used where appropriate. A more advanced treatment of the subject is deferred to the third-year module *Stochastic Processes*.

The lecture comprises the following topics

- Brief review of number systems, elementary functions, and their graphs
- Outcomes, events and sample space.
- Combinatorial probability.
- Conditional probability and Bayes' formula.
- Binomials and Poisson-Approximation
- Random Variables, distribution and density functions.
- Independence of random variables.
- Conditional Distributions and Densities.
- Transformation of random variables.
- Joint distribution of random variables and their transformations.
- Expected Values and Moments, Covariance.
- High dimensional probability: Chebyshev and Chernoff bounds.
- Moment-Generating Functions and Characteristic Functions,
- The Central limit theorem.
- Random Vectors and Moments, Covariance matrix, Decorrelation.
- Multivariate normal distribution.
- Markov chains, stationary distributions.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- command the methods described in the content section of this module description to the extent that they can solve standard text-book problems reliably and with confidence;
- recognize the probabilistic structures in an unfamiliar context and translate them into a mathematical problem statement;
- recognize common mathematical terminology used in textbooks and research papers in the quantitative sciences, engineering, and mathematics to the extent that they fall into the content categories covered in this module.

Indicative Literature

J. Hwang and J.K. Blitzstein (2019). Introduction to Probability, second edition. London: Chapman & Hall.

S. Ghahramani. Fundamentals of Probability with Stochastic Processes, fourth edition. Upper Saddle River: Prentice Hall.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory / mandatory elective module of the Methods and Skills area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students taking this module are expected to be familiar with basic tools from calculus and linear algebra.
- Mandatory for a major in CS, ECE, MATH, Physics and RIS.
- Mandatory elective for a major in EES (if pre-requisites are met).
- Elective for all other study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module

7.25.1.4 Numerical Methods

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	СР
Numerical Methods			JTMS-MAT- 13	Year 2 (Methods)	5
Module Components					
Number	Name			Туре	СР
JTMS-13	Numerical Meth	nods		Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	tion		Mandatory St	atus
Dr. Keivan Mallahi Karai, Prof. Dr. Tobias Preußer	• Jacobs Tra	ack – Methods and Skills		and RIS	r CS, ECE, MATH lective for EES,
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lear	rning and Teaching
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ None • Knowledge of	Annually (Spring)	Lectures (35 hours)Private study (90 hours)		
		Calculus (functions, inverse functions, sets, real numbers, sequences and limits, polynomials, rational functions, trigonometric functions, logarithm and exponential function, parametric equations, tangent lines, graphs, derivatives, anti- derivatives, elementary techniques for solving equations) • Knowledge of Linear Algebra (vectors, matrices, lines, planes, n-	Duration 1 semester	Workload	

product, normal vector, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, elementary techniques for solving systems of	dimensional Euclidean vector space, rotation, translation, dot product (scalar product), cross	
elementary techniques for solving systems of	product, normal vector,	
	elementary techniques for	

Recommendations for Preparation

Taking Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra II before taking this module is recommended, but not required. A thorough review of Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra, with emphasis on the topics listed as "Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills" is recommended.

Content and Educational Aims

This module covers calculus-based numerical methods, in particular root finding, interpolation, approximation, numerical differentiation, numerical integration (quadrature), and a first introduction to the numerical solution of differential equations.

The lecture comprises the following topics

- number representations
- Gaussian elimination
- LU decomposition
- Cholesky decomposition
- iterative methods
- bisection method
- Newton's method
- secant method
- polynomial interpolation
- Aitken's algorithm
- Lagrange interpolation
- Newton interpolation
- Hermite interpolation
- Bezier curves
- De Casteljau's algorithm
- piecewise interpolation
- Spline interpolation
- B-Splines
- Least-squares approximation

- polynomial regression
- difference schemes
- Richardson extrapolation
- Quadrature rules
- Monte Carlo integration
- time stepping schemes for ordinary differential equations
- Runge Kutta schemes
- finite difference method for partial differential equations

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- describe the basic principles of discretization used in the numerical treatment of continuous problems;
- command the methods described in the content section of this module description to the extent that they can solve standard text-book problems reliably and with confidence;
- recognize mathematical terminology used in textbooks and research papers on numerical methods in the quantitative sciences, engineering, and mathematics to the extent that they fall into the content categories covered in this module;
- implement simple numerical algorithms in a high-level programming language;
- understand the documentation of standard numerical library code and understand the potential limitations and caveats of such algorithms.

Indicative Literature

D. Kincaid and W. Cheney (1991). Numerical Analysis: Mathematics of Scientific Computing. Pacific Grove: Brooks/Cole Publishing.

W. Boehm and H. Prautzsch (1993). Numerical Methods. Natick: AK Peters.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory / mandatory elective module of the Methods and Skills area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- This module is a co-recommendation for the module "Applied Dynamical Systems Lab", in which the actual implementation in a high-level programming language of the learned methods will be covered.
- Mandatory for a major in ECE, MATH, and Physics.
- Mandatory elective for a major in CS and RIS.
- Elective for all other study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module.

7.25.1.5 Programming in Python

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Programming in Pythe	on	JTMS-SKI-14	Year 1 (Methods)	5
Module Components				
Number	Name		Туре	CP
JTMS-14	Programming in Python	Lecture	5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation	Mandatory Status		
Dr. Kinga Lipskoch	 Jacobs Track – Methods and Skills 	Mandatory for IEM Mandatory elective for EES and Physics		
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Learnin Teaching	g and
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ None • none	Annually (Fall)	 Class attendance hours) Private study (85 Exam preparation hours) 	5 hours)
		<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

It is recommended that students install a suitable programming environment (simple editor or Integrated Development Environment) and a new stable version of Python on their notebooks.

Content and Educational Aims

This module offers an introduction to programming using the programming language Python. The module presents the basics of Python programming and provides a short overview of the program development cycle. It covers fundamental programming components and constructs in a hands-on manner. The beginning of the module covers the concepts of data types, variables, operators, strings and basic data structures. Next, other programming constructs such as branching, iterations, and data structures such as strings, lists, tuples, and dictionaries are introduced. The module also gives an introduction to functions, as well as simple file handling by introducing reading data from files, processing the data and writing the results to files. Later, object-oriented programming concepts such as constructors, methods, overloaded operators and inheritance are presented. Retrieving data from URLs and processing of larger amounts of data and their queries and storage in files are addressed. Simple interactive graphics and operations are also presented with the help of an object-oriented graphics library.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, students should be able to

- explain basic concepts of imperative programming languages such as variables, assignments, loops, function calls, data structures;
- work with user input from the keyboard, and write interactive Python programs;
- write, test, and debug programs;
- illustrate basic object-oriented programming concepts such as objects, classes, information hiding, and inheritance;
- give original examples of function and operator overloading;
- retrieve data and process and generate data from/to files;
- use some available Python modules and libraries such as those related to data or graphics.

Indicative Literature

Kenneth A. Lambert (2014). Fundamentals of Python Data Structures. Boston: Cengage Learning PTR.

Mark Summerfield (2010). Programming in Python: A complete introduction to the Python language, second edition. London: Pearson Education.

John Zelle (2009). Python Programming: An introduction to Computer Science, second edition. Portland: Franklin, Beedle & Associates.

Igor Milovanovic (2013). Python Data Visualization Cookbook. Birmingham: Packt Publishing.

Cay Horsmann, Rance D. Necaise (2014). Python for Everyone. Hoboken: Wiley.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory / mandatory elective module of the Methods and Skills area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Mandatory for a major in IEM.
- Mandatory elective for a major in EES and Physics.
- Elective for all other study programs.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment type: Written examination

Duration 120 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Module achievements: 50% of the assignments passed

7.25.1.6 Discrete Mathematics

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Discrete Mathema	atics		CO-501	Year 2/3 (CORE)	5
Module Compone	ents				
Number	Name			Туре	CP
CO-501-A	Discrete Mather	natics		Lecture	5
<i>Module Coordinator</i> Dr. Keivan Mallahi-Karai	Program Affiliat Mathemat			<i>Mandatory Status</i> Mandatory elective for Mathematics, CS, Physics a RIS	
Entry Requirements			<i>Frequency</i> Annually	Forms of Learning Teaching	g and
Pre-requisites	Co-requisites	Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills	(Spring)	Lectures (35Private Study	-
⊠ None	🛛 None	Basic university	Duration	Workload	
		mathematics: can be acquired via the Methods Modules "Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I + II" or "Applied Calculus" and "Finite Mathematics"	1 semester	125 hours	

Recommendations for Preparation

- Some basic familiarity with linear algebra is useful, but not technically required.
- It is recommended to have taken the Methods module: Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I + II

Content and Educational Aims

This module is an introductory lecture in discrete mathematics. The lecture consists of two main components, enumerative combinatorics and graph theory. The lecture emphasizes connections of discrete mathematics with other areas of mathematics such as linear algebra and basic probability, and outlines applications to areas of computer science, cryptography, etc. where employment of ideas from discrete mathematics has proven to be fruitful. The first part of the lecture—enumerative combinatorics—deals with several classical enumeration problems (Binomial coefficients, Stirling numbers), counting under group actions and generating function. The second half of the lecture—graph theory—includes a discussion of basic notions such as chromatic number, planarity, matchings in graphs, Ramsey theory, and expanders, and their applications.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of the module, students will be able to

- demonstrate their mastery of basic tools in discrete mathematics.
- develop the ability to use discrete mathematics concepts (such as graphs) to model problems in computer science.
- analyze the definition of basic combinatorial objects such as graphs, permutations, partitions, etc.
- formulate and design methods sand algorithms for solving applied problems basic on concepts from discrete mathematics.

Indicative Literature

J.H. van Lint and R.M. Wilson (2001). A Course in Combinatorics, second edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

B. Bollobas (1998). Modern Graph Theory, Berlin: Springer.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a specialization / CORE module in Mathematics to be taken in Semester 4 or 6.
- This module is recommended for students pursuing a minor in Mathematics
- This module serves as a mandatory elective Methods and Skills module for CS, Physics and RIS
- This module is a good option as an elective module for students in RIS.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of this module

Duration: 120 min Weight: 100%

7.25.2 Big Questions Modules

7.25.2.1 Water: The Most Precious Substance on Earth

		Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Precious Substanc	e on Earth	JTBQ-BQ-002	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5
ents				
Name			Туре	СР
Water: The Most	Precious Substance on Eart	h	Lecture/Tutorial	5
Program Affiliat	ion	Mandatory Status	5	
Big Questio except IEM	ns Area: All undergraduate st	Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM		
		Frequency	Forms of Lean Teaching	rning and
<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global 	Annually (part I: Fall; part II: Spring)	 Lectures (17 Project work hours) Private study hours) 	(90
	 relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	Duration 2 semesters	Workload	
	ents Name Water: The Most Program Affiliat • Big Questio except IEM Co-requisites	Name Water: The Most Precious Substance on Eart Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate steexcept IEM Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and	Precious Substance on Earth JTBQ-BQ-002 Ints Name Water: The Most Precious Substance on Earth Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs except IEM Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Image: None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and Duration	Precious Substance on Earth JTBQ-BQ-002 Year 3 (Jacobs Track) Insts Type Name Type Water: The Most Precious Substance on Earth Lecture/Tutorial Program Affiliation Mandatory Status • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs except IEM Mandatory electristudents of all undergraduate study programs, except Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Frequency Forms of Lear Teaching Ø None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Øuration Workload Ø Media literacy, critical thinking, and Duration Workload

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

Water is the basic prerequisite for life on our planet, but it has become a scarce resource and a valuable commodity. Water is of fundamental importance to the world's economy and global food supply, in addition to being a driving force behind geopolitical conflict. In this module, the profound impact of water on all aspects of human life will be addressed from very different perspectives: from the natural and environmental sciences and engineering, and from the social and cultural sciences.

Following topical lectures in the Fall semester, students will work on projects on the occasion of the World Water Day (March 22) in small teams comprised of students from various disciplines and with different cultural backgrounds. This teamwork will be accompanied by related tutorials.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- advance a knowledge-based opinion on the complex module topics: on the physio-chemical properties
 of water, its origin and history, on the importance of water as a resource, on physical and economic
 freshwater scarcity, on the risks of water pollution and the challenges faced by waste water treatment,
 on the concept of virtual water, on the bottled water industry, and on the cultural values and meanings
 of water;
- formulate coherent written and oral contributions (e.g., to panel discussions) on the topic;
- perform well-organized teamwork;
- present a self-designed project in a university-wide context.

Indicative Literature

Finney, John (2015). Water. A Very Short Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Zetland, David (2011). The End of Abundance: Economic Solutions to Water Scarcity. California: Aguanomics Press.

United Nation (January 2016): Sustainable Development Goals. Retrieved from https://www.ipcc.ch

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Written examination

Assessment Component 2: Team project

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Completion: This module is passed with an assessment-component weighted average grade of 45% or higher.

Duration: 60 min Weight: 50%

Weight: 50%

7.25.2.2 Ethics in Science and Technology

		Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
e and Technology		JTBQ-BQ-003	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5	
ents		l	1	L	
Name			Туре	СР	
Ethics in Scienc	Ethics in Science and Technology Lecture				
Program Affiliati	Mandatory Status	5			
Big Questio except IEM	ns Area: All undergraduate st	Mandatory for CBT Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM			
		Frequency	Forms of Lean Teaching	rning an	
Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills☑ None• The ability and openness to engage	Each semester (Fall & Spring)	 Lectures (35 hours) Private study (90 hours) 			
	 in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 125 hours		
	nts Name Ethics in Science Program Affiliat • Big Questio except IEM	Name Ethics in Science and Technology Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate steexcept IEM Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Image: None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling	and Technology JTBQ-BQ-003 ints Name Ethics in Science and Technology Fregram Affiliation Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Frequency Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Frequency Image: None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Duration Image: None • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling 1 semester	and Technology JTBQ-BQ-003 Year 3 (Jacobs Track) ints Type Ethics in Science and Technology Lecture Program Affiliation Mandatory Status • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Mandatory of CE Mandatory election students of all undergraduate study programs, except Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Frequency Ø None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Lectures (35) Ø None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling 1 semester 125 hours	

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving that extends beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

Ethics is an often neglected, yet essential part of science and technology. Our decisions about right and wrong influence the way in which our inventions and developments change the world. A wide array of examples will be presented and discussed, e.g., the foundation of ethics, individual vs. population ethics, artificial life, stem cells, animal rights, abortion, pre-implantation diagnostics, legal and illegal drugs, the pharmaceutical industry, gene modification, clinical trials and research with test persons, weapons of mass destruction, data fabrication, and scientific fraud.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- summarize and explain ethical principles;
- critically look at scientific results that seem too good to be true;
- apply the ethical concepts to virtually all areas of science and technology;
- discover the responsibilities of society and of the individual for ethical standards;
- understand and judge the ethical dilemmas in many areas of the daily life;
- discuss the ethics of gene modification at the level of cells and organisms;
- reflect on and evaluate clinical trials in relation to the Helsinki Declaration;
- distinguish and evaluate the ethical guidelines for studies with test persons.

Indicative Literature

Not specified.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- Mandatory for CBT
- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Duration: 120 min

Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.25.2.3 Global Health – Historical context and future challenges

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP
Global Health – H	istorical context a	nd future challenges	JTBQ-BQ-004	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5
Module Compone	nts		I		
Number	Name			Туре	СР
JTBQ-004	Global Health –	Historical context and future	challenges	Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion	Mandatory Statu	S	
Dr. Andreas M. Lisewski	Big Questio except IEM	ns Area: All undergraduate st	Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM		
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
Pre-requisites ☑ None	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Skills		 Lectures (35 Private study hours) 	
		 in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	Workload	
Recommendation		on the module's topics in que	estion.		

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. The BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden the students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules are relevant for every university graduate in order to become an informed and responsible citizen in a global society.

The module gives a historical, societal, technical, and medicinal overview over the past, present and future milestones and challenges of global health. Main topics include health systems, public health, health/disease monitoring and response, past and recent breakthroughs in medicine and healthcare, as well as recent health-related developments in technology and economy. Special focus is put on children, maternal and adolescent health, as their health is critical to the well-being of next generations. Further topics cover epidemiology and demographics, such as the connection between a society's economic development level and its population health status, demographic and epidemiologic transitions, measures of health in our increasingly interconnected civilization that is however reaching its global limits on key resources and that is therefore becoming more prone to disruptions. Discussed in this context are today's urgent global health issues, such as newly emergent and reemergent infectious diseases, biosafety and complex humanitarian crises caused by unforeseen epidemics and pandemics.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- identify the historical context and today's function of global health institutions, surveillance and response systems;
- evaluate and compare global indicators of disease burden, especially by using online databases and repositories
- break down global development goals directly related to global health
- discuss and differentiate present and future challenges of public and global health responses to novel disease outbreaks in a global society network context

Indicative Literature

- Richard Skolnik, Global Health 101, 4th Edition, Jones & Bartlett Publishers, 2019
- Solomon Benatar (*Editor*), Global Health Ethical Challenges, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2021

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module of the Big Questions area, that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules)
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute such knowledge and competences to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 120 min. Weight: 100%

Module achievement: Oral presentation of selected literature and media topics on global health (topics are given but can also be suggested by students for approval).

The module achievement ensures sufficient knowledge about key global health concepts, challenges and current topics

7.25.2.4 Global Existential Risks

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Global Existential Risks			JTBQ-BQ-005	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5
Module Compone	nts		L		I
Number	Name			Туре	СР
JTBQ-005	Global Existential Risks			Lecture	5
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	<i>ion</i> ns Area: All undergraduate st	udy programs	<i>Mandatory Status</i> Mandatory elective for	
Dr. Andreas M. Lisewski	except IEM				udy
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning an
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	Annually (Spring)	 Lectures (35 hours) Tutorial of the lecture (10 hours) Private study (80 hours) 		
		Duration	Workload		
		1 semester	125 hours		
Recommendation	-				
Critically following		on the module's topics in que	estion.		

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

The more we develop science and technology, the more we also learn about catastrophic and, in the worst case, even existential global dangers that put the entire human civilization at risk of collapse. These doomsday scenarios therefore directly challenge humanity's journey through time as an overall continuous and sustainable process that progressively leads to a more complex but still largely stable human society. The module presents the main

known varieties of existential risks, including, for example, astrophysical, planetary, biological, and technological events or critical transitions that have the capacity to severely damage or even eradicate earth-based human civilization as we know it. Furthermore, this module offers a description of the characteristic features of these risks in comparison to more conventional risks, such as natural disasters, and a classification of global existential risks based on parameters such as range, intensity, probability of occurrence, and imminence. Finally, this module reviews several hypothetical monitoring and early warning systems as well as analysis methods that could potentially be used in strategies, if not to eliminate, then at least to better understand and ideally to minimize imminent global existential risks. This interdisciplinary module will allow students to look across relevant and diverse subject fields, thus enabling them to initiate and to contribute substantially to discussions about these special risks.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- identify and explain the known spectrum of global existential risks, including physical, biological, and technological risks
- differentiate and classify these risks according to their characteristics in range (scope), intensity (severity), probability of occurrence, and imminence
- distinguish and identify main directions and potential biases in media coverage of global existential risks
- prepare, present, explain and discuss today's key topics in global existential risks from both academic literature and from public media

Indicative Literature

Nick Bostrom, Milan M. Cirkovic (eds.):. Global Catastrophic Risks, Oxford University Press, 2011.

Martin Rees: Our Final Hour – A Scientist's Warning, Basic Books, 2009.

Martin Rees: On the Future – Prospects for Humanity, Princeton University Press, 2021.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 120 min. Weight: 100%

Module achievement: Oral presentation of selected literature and media topics on our civilization's existential risks (topics are given but can also be suggested by students for approval)

The module achievement ensures sufficient knowledge about key risks and challenges for humanity's survival.

7.25.2.5 Future: From Predictions and Visions to Preparations and Actions

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Future: From Predictions and Visions to Preparations and Actions			JTBQ-BQ-006	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5	
Module Compone	nts		L	L	I	
Number	Name			Туре	CP	
JTBQ-006	Future: From Predictions and Visions to Preparations andLecture2Actions				2.5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliati	ion		Mandatory Status		
Prof. Dr. Joachim Vogt	Big Question except IEM	Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Students of undergradua programs, e			all ate study	
Entry Requirements	L		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and	
	Skills ⊠ None • The ability a openness to	• The ability and openness to engage	Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (17.5 hours) Private study (45 hours) 		
		in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours		
Recommendation		of the module's topics in que		1		

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving that extend beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

This module addresses selected topics related to the future as a general concept in science, technology, culture, literature, ecology, and economy, and it consists of three parts. The first part (Future Continuous) discusses forecasting methodologies rooted in the idea that key past and present processes are understood and continue to operate such that future developments can be predicted. General concepts covered in this context include determinism, uncertainty, evolution, and risk. Mathematical aspects of forecasting are also discussed. The second part (Future Perfect) deals with human visions of the future as reflected in the arts and literature, ranging from ideas of utopian societies and technological optimism to dystopian visions in science fiction. The third part (Future Now) concentrates on important current developments—such as trends in technology, scientific breakthroughs, the evolution of the Earth system, and climate change—and concludes with opportunities and challenges for present and future generations.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, student should be able to

- use their factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- distinguish and qualify important approaches to forecasting and prediction;
- summarize the history of utopias, dystopias, and the ideas presented in classical science fiction;
- characterize current developments in technology, ecology, society, and their implications for the future.

Indicative Literature

United Nations (2015, September) Millennium Development Goals. Retrieved from http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals.

United Nation (2016, January): Sustainable Development Goals. Retrieved from http://catalog.jacobsuniversity.de/search~S0

United Nations University. https://unu.edu

US National Intelligence Council (2017). Global Trends. Retrieved from https://www.dni.gov/index.php/global-trends-home.

International Panel on Climate Change. Retrieved from https://www.ipcc.ch.

World Inequality Lab (2017, December). World Inequality Report 2018. Retrieved from https://wir2018.wid.world.

World Health Organization. Retrieved from http://www.who.int.

World Trade Organization. Retrieved from https://www.wto.org

Gapminder. Retrieved from https://www.gapminder.org.

World Bank. Retrieved from http://www.worldbank.org.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Duration: 60 min Weight: 100%

7.25.2.6 Climate Change

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	СР	
Climate Change			Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5	
nts					
Name			Туре	СР	
Climate Change			Lecture	2.5	
Program Affiliation	on		Mandatory Status		
Big Questior except IEM			Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM		
		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and	
 Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	<i>Skills</i>The ability and	Annually (Spring)	 Lecture (17. Private study hours) 		
	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours			
	Name Climate Change Program Affiliation • Big Question except IEM	Name Climate Change Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate stexcept IEM Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills ⊠ None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and	Image: Name JTBQ-BQ-007 Ints Name Climate Change Image: None Program Affiliation Frequency except IEM Frequency Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: None Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Image: The ability and opennesend relevance <td>JTBQ-BQ-007 Year 3 (Jacobs Track) Its Name Type Climate Change Lecture Program Affiliation Mandatory Status • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Mandatory Status Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Mandatory elective Questions Frequency Forms of Lear Teaching Manually • Lecture (17. Private study hours) Image: Initerdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and Duration Workload 1 semester 62.5 hours</td>	JTBQ-BQ-007 Year 3 (Jacobs Track) Its Name Type Climate Change Lecture Program Affiliation Mandatory Status • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Mandatory Status Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Mandatory elective Questions Frequency Forms of Lear Teaching Manually • Lecture (17. Private study hours) Image: Initerdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and Duration Workload 1 semester 62.5 hours	

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

This module will give a brief introduction into the development of the atmosphere throughout Earth's history from the beginning of the geological record up to modern times, and will focus on geological, cosmogenic, and anthropogenic changes. Several major events in the evolution of the Earth that had a major impact on climate will be discussed, such as the evolution of an oxic atmosphere and ocean, the onset of early life, snowball Earth, and modern glaciation cycles. In the second part, the module will focus on the human impact on present climate change and global warming. Causes and consequences, including case studies and methods for studying climate change, will be presented and possibilities for climate mitigation (geo-engineering) and adapting our society to climate change (such as coastal protection and adaption of agricultural practices to more arid and hot conditions) will be discussed.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students should be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- advance a knowledge-based opinion on the complex module topics, including: impact of climate change on the natural environment over geological timescales and since the industrial revolution, and the policy framework in which environmental decisions are made internationally;
- work effectively in a team environment and undertake data interpretation;
- discuss approaches to minimize habitat destruction.

Indicative Literature

The course is based on a self-contained, detailed set of online lecture notes.

Ruddiman, William F. Earth's Climate (2001). Past and future. New York: Macmillan.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 60 min. Weight: 100%

7.25.2.7 Extreme Natural Hazards, Disaster Risks, and Societal Impact

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP	
Extreme Natural Hazards, Disaster Risks, and Societal Impact JTBC			JTBQ-BQ-008	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5	
Module Compon	ents					
Number	Name Type CP				СР	
JTBQ-008	Extreme Natural	Hazards: Disaster Risks, and	d Societal Impact	Lecture	2.5	
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Status		
Prof. Dr. Laurenz Thomsen	Big Questio except IEM	ns Area: All undergraduate st	Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM			
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and	
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	tes Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills • The ability and openness to engage	Annually (Fall)	 Lecture (17.5 hours) Private study (45 hours) 		
	 in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	<i>Duration</i> 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours			

Recommendations for Preparation

Critically following media coverage of the module's topics in question.

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizons with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

Extreme natural events increasingly dominate global headlines, and understanding their causes, risks, and impacts, as well as the costs of their mitigation, is essential to managing hazard risk and saving lives. This module presents a unique, interdisciplinary approach to disaster risk research, combining natural science and social science methodologies. It presents the risks of global hazards and natural disasters such as volcanoes, earthquakes, landslides, hurricanes, precipitation floods, and space weather, and provides real-world hazard and disaster case studies from Latin America, the Caribbean, Africa, the Middle East, Asia, and the Pacific.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, student should be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- advance a knowledge-based opinion on the complex module topics, including how natural processes affect and interact with our civilization, especially those that create hazards and disasters;
- distinguish the methods scientists use to predict and assess the risk of natural disasters;
- discuss the social implications and policy framework in which decisions are made to manage natural disasters;
- work effectively in a team environment.

Indicative Literature

The course is based on a self-contained, detailed set of online lecture notes.

Ismail-Zadeh, Alik, et al., eds (2014). Extreme natural hazards, disaster risks and societal implications. In *Special Publications of the International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics Vol. 1.* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module of the Big Questions area, that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules)
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute such knowledge and competences to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written examination Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 60 min. Weight: 100%

7.25.2.8 International Development Policy

Module Name			Level (type)	CP
International Development Policy			Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5
ents		l		I
Name			Туре	CP
International Development Policy Le			Lecture	2.5
Program Affiliation Mandatory			Mandatory Statu	S
-			Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study programs, except IEM	
		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and
 Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling of data sources 	 Skills The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary 	Annually (Fall)	Presentation	S
	Duration 1 semester	<i>Workload</i> 62.5 hours		
	nts Name International De Program Affiliat • Big Questio except IEM	Ints Name International Development Policy Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate stexcept IEM • Co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills © None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling	International Development Policy Program Affiliation • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Frequency Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling	elopment Policy JTBQ-BQ-009 Year 3 (Jacobs Track) Ints Name Type International Development Policy Lecture Program Affiliation Mandatory Status • Big Questions Area: All undergraduate study programs, except IEM Mandatory electives co-requisites Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Frequency Ø None • The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global relevance • Media literacy, critical thinking, and a proficient handling 1 semester Ouration Workload

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal, and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become informed and responsible citizens in a global society.

We live in a world where still a large number of people still live in absolute poverty without access to basic needs and services, such as food, sanitation, health care, security, and proper education. This module provides an introduction to the basic elements of international development policy, with a focus on the relevant EU policies in this field and on the Sustainable Development Goals/SDGs of the United Nations. The students will not only learn about the tools applied in modern development policies, but also about the critical aspects of monitoring and evaluating the results of development policy. Module-related oral presentations and debates will enhance the students' learning experience.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the student should be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- breakdown the complexity of modern development policy;
- identify, explain, and evaluate the tools applied in development policy;
- formulate well-justified criticism of development policy;
- summarize and present a module-related topic in an appropriate verbal and visual form.

Indicative Literature

Francis Fukuyama (2006). The end of history and the last man. New York: Free Press.

Kingsbury, McKay, Hunt (2008). International Development. Issues and challenges. London: Palgrave.

A.Sumner, M.Tiwari (2009) After 2015: International Development Policy at a crossroad. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Graduate Institute of International Development, G. Carbonnier eds. (2001). International Development Policy: Energy and Development. New York:Palgrave Macmillan.

John Donald McNeil. International Development: Challenges and Controversy. Sentia Publishing,e-book.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- This module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Presentation Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module Duration: 10 minutes per student Weight: 100%

7.25.2.9 Sustainable Value Creation with Biotechnology. From Science to Business

Module Name	Level (type)	CP								
Sustainable Value Cr to Business	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5								
Module Components										
Number	Name		Type CP							
JTBQ-011	Sustainable Science to B	Value Creation with Bioto usiness	Lecture 2.5 /Tutorial							
<i>Module Coordinator</i> N.N.	 Program Affi. Jacobs T 	l iation rack - Big Questions	Mandatory Status Mandatory elective for students of all undergraduate study except IEM							
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and					
Pre-requisites ⊠ None	<i>Co-</i> <i>requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary 	Annually (Spring)	Lecture and Tutorial						
		 issues on bio-based value creation media literacy, critical thinking and a proficient handling of data sources 								
https://link.springe	la.edu/resear r.com/article/ development.	cher-resources/files/view/c 10.1057/jcb.2008.27 un.org/content/documents .pdf			%20Sustai					

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. The BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden the students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules support students in their development to become an informed and responsible citizen in a global society.

This module has a particular focus on the role that Biotechnology and Biorefining is expected to play in social, economic and environmental contexts.

To deliver such a vision the module will prepare students to extract value form Biotechnology and associated activities. This will be done in the form of business cases that will be systematically developed by students alongside the development of the module. In this way, students will develop entrepreneurial skills while understanding basic business-related activities that are not always present in a technical curriculum. Case development will also provide students with the possibility of understanding the social, economic, environmental impact that Biotechnology and Biorefining can deliver in a Bio-Based Economy. The knowledge and skills gained through this module are in direct and indirect support of the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development: "Transforming our World".

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, the students should be able to

- design and develop a Business Case based on the tools provided by modern Biotechnology;
- explain the interplay between Science, Technology and Economics / Finance;
- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- work effectively in a team environment and undertake data interpretation and analysis;
- discuss approaches to value creation in the context of Biotechnology and Sustainable Development;
- explain the ethical implications of technological advance and implementation;
- demonstrate presentation skills.

Indicative Literature

Springham, D., V. Moses & R.E. Cape (1999). Biotechnology – The Science and the Business. 2nd. Ed. Boca Raton: CRC Press.

Kornberg, Arthur (2002). The Golden Helix: Inside Biotech Ventures. Sausalito, CA: University Science Books.

UNESCO, Director-General. (2017). UNESCO moving forward the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Retrieved from https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000247785

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module in the Big Questions area, which is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute their knowledge and competencies to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Component 1: Term Paper Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the module (1-6) Assessment Component 2: Presentation Scope: Intended learning outcomes of the module (2-7) Length:1.500 – 3.000 words Weight: 75%

Duration: 10-15 min. Weight: 25%

7.25.2.10 Gender and Multiculturalism. Debates and Trends in Contemporary Societies

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP				
Gender and M Contemporary Soc	ulticulturalism. cieties	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5						
Module Compone	nts				L				
Number	Name			Туре	СР				
JTBQ-013	Gender and I Contemporary S	Multiculturalism: Debates ocieties	Lecture	5					
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion		Mandatory Status Mandatory elective for students of a undergraduate stuc programs, except IEM					
Dr. Jessica Price	Big Questio	ns Area: All undergraduate s	study programs						
Entry Requirements	I		Frequency	Forms of Lean Teaching	rning and				
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills The ability and openness to engage in interdisciplinary issues of global 	Annually (Fall)	 Lectures (17 Project work hours) Private study hours) 	(90				
		 relevance Media literacy, critical thinking and 	Duration	Workload 125 hours					

Critical following of the media coverage on the module's topics in question.

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. The BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden the students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules are relevant for every university graduate in order to become an informed and responsible citizen in a global society.

The objective of this module is to introduce and familiarize students with the current debates, trends and analytical frameworks pertaining how gender is socially constructed in different cultural zones. Through lectures,

group discussions and reflecting upon cultural cases, students will familiarize themselves with the current trends and the different sides of ongoing cultural and political debates that shape cultural practices, policies and discourses. The module will zoom-in on topics such as: cultural identity; the social construction of gender; gender fluidity and its backlash; gender and human rights; multiculturalism as a perceived threat in plural societies, among others. Students will be provided with opportunities for reflection and to ultimately develop informed opinions concerning topics that are continue to define some of the most contested cultural debates of contemporary societies. Furthermore, participants will engage their ideas in "hands on" projects aimed at moving the needle from mere reflection by conducting "action-research" that will inform the outcomes of their course projects.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- use their disciplinary factual and methodological knowledge to reflect on interdisciplinary questions by comparing approaches from various disciplines;
- summarize and evaluate the current cultural, political and legal debates concerning the social construction of gender in contemporary societies;
- reflect and develop informed opinions concerning the current debates and trends that are shaping ideas of whether multiculturalism ideals are realistic in pluralist western societies, or whether multiculturalism is a failed project;
- identify, explain and evaluate the role that societal forces, such as religion, socio-economic, political and migratory factors play in the construction of gendered structures in contemporary societies;
- develop a well-informed perspective concerning the interplay of science and culture in the debates around gender fluidity;
- deconstruct and reflect on the intersectionality between populist/nationalist discourses and gender discrimination;
- reflect and propose societal strategies and initiatives that attempt to answer the big questions presented in this module regarding gendered and cross-culturally-based inequalities;
- complete a self-designed project, collect and distill information from an "action-research" perspective;summarizing the process in a suitable reporting format;
- consider the application of an algorithm for group formation (not mandatory);
- overcome general teamwork problems in order to perform well-organized project work.

Indicative Literature

Biological Limits of Gender Construction Author(s): J. Richard Udry

Source: American Sociological Review , Jun., 2000, Vol. 65, No. 3 (Jun., 2000), pp. 443- 457. Published by: American Sociological Association Stable URL: https://www.jstor.org/stable/2657466

The Development of Gendered Interests and Personality Qualities From Middle Childhood Through Adolescence: A Biosocial Analysis. Susan M. McHale, Aryn M. Dotterer, Ji-Yeon Kim, Ann C. Crouter and Alan Booth. Child Development, March/April 2009, Volume 80, Number 2, Pages 482–495

Factors influencing attitudes to violence against women. Michael Flood and Bob Pease. Trauma, Violence, & ABuse, Vol. 10, No. 2, April 2009 125-142 dOi: 10.1177/1524838009334131. 2009 sAge Publications

Gender and Anti-immigrant Attitudes in Europe. Aaron Ponce (2017) Socius: Sociological Research for a Dynamic World. Volume 3: 1–17. Reprints and permissions: sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module of the Big Questions area, that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules)
- Students are encouraged to relate the content of their previous modules to the topics of this module and contribute such knowledge and competences to class discussions and activities.

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Team Project

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

Weight: 100%

7.25.2.11 The Challenge of Sustainable Energy

Module Name			Module Code	Level (type)	CP				
The Challenge of	Sustainable Energ	JTBQ-BQ-014	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5					
Module Compone	ents			1					
Number	Туре	СР							
JTBQ-014	The Challenge o	f Sustainable Energy	Lecture 2.5						
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliat	ion	Mandatory Status						
Prof. Dr. Karen Smith Stegen	Big Questio	ns Area: All undergraduate st	udy programs	Mandatory elective students of undergraduate st programs, except IEM					
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and				
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Ability to read texts from a variety of 	Annually (Spring)	Lectures and Group Exercises					
		disciplines	Duration	Workload					
			1 semester	62.5 hours					

Reflect on their own behavior and habits with regard to sustainability.

Content and Educational Aims

All "Big Questions" (BQ) modules deal with the economic, technological, societal and environmental contexts of the global issues and challenges of the coming decades. The BQ modules intend to raise awareness of those challenges and broaden the students' horizon with applied problem solving beyond the borders of their own disciplines. Knowledge and skills offered in the interdisciplinary BQ modules are relevant for every university graduate in order to become an informed and responsible citizen in a global society.

How can wide-scale social, economic and political change be achieved? This module examines this question in the context of encouraging "sustainability". To address global warming and environmental degradation, humans must adopt more sustainable lifestyles. Arguably, the most important change is the transition from conventional fuels to renewable sources of energy, particularly at the local, country and regional levels. The main challenge to achieving an "energy transition" stems from human behavior and not from a lack of technology or scientific expertise. This module thus examines energy transitions from the perspective of the social sciences, including political science, sociology, psychology, economics and management. To understand the drivers of and obstacles to technology transitions, students will learn the "Multi-Level Perspective". Some of the key questions explored

in this module include: What is meant by sustainability? Are renewable energies "sustainable"? How can a transition to renewable energies be encouraged? What are the main social, economic, and political challenges? How can these (potentially) be overcome? The aim of the course is to provide students with the tools for reflecting on energy transitions from multiple perspectives.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Students acquire transferable and key skills in this module.

By the end of this module, students will be able to

- articulate the history of the sustainability movement and the major debates;
- identify different types of renewable energies;
- explain the multi-level perspective (MLP), which models technology innovations and transitions;
- summarize the obstacles to energy transitions;
- compare a variety of policy mechanisms for encouraging renewable energies.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module of the Big Questions area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- For students interested in sustainability issues, this module complements a variety of modules from different programs, such as "International Resource Politics" (IRPH/SMP), "Environmental Science" (EES), "General Earth and Environmental Sciences" (EES), and "Renewable Energies" (Physics).

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Written Examination

Duration: 60 min Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.25.2.12 State, Religion and Secularism

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP					
State, Religion an	d Secularism	JTBQ-BQ-015	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	2.5					
Module Compone	nts								
Number			Туре	СР					
JTBQ-015	State, religion and secularism	Lecture	2.5						
Module Coordinator	Program Affiliation	Program Affiliation							
Prof. Dr. Manfred O. Hinz	Big Questions Area: All undergraduate s		ctive for of al study IEM						
Entry Requirements		Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	rning and					
<i>Pre-requisites</i> ⊠ None	Co-requisitesKnowledge, Abilities, or Skills⊠ None• Ability to read texts	Annually (Spring)	Lectures and Group Exercises						
	from a variety of disciplines	Duration	Workload						
		62.5 Hours							
Recommendation	s for Preparation								
	uation and role in respective home-country								
Content and Educ	cational Aims								
	between state and religion has been a matter of reliver to the state to determine the place of reliv			-					

above the state, or is it to the state to determine the place of religion? What does secularity mean? To what extent will religion accept secularity? Where does the idea of secularity come from? The course State, religion, secularism will search for answers to questions of this nature. After introducing to the topic and looking at some legal attempts to regulate the relationship between state and religion, the focus will be, on the one hand, on Christianity and secularity and, on Islam and secularity, on the other. Depending on the interest of participants, other religions and their relationships to states of relevance can be added.

Intended Learning Outcomes

By the end of this course, students should be able

- To understand the basic problems that have led to different models to regulate the relationship between the state and religion;
- To reflect critically the situation of state and religion in selected countries;
- To assess the values behind the concept of democracy and human rights;
- To use the acquired knowledge to strengthen the capacity towards respect for others and tolerance.

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

- The module is a mandatory elective module of the Big Questions area that is part of the Jacobs Track (Methods and Skills modules; Community Impact Project module; Language modules; Big Questions modules).
- For students interested in State, Religion and secularism, this module complements modules from other programmes, such as IRPH and SMP

Examination Type: Module Examination

Assessment Type: Term paper

Length:1.500 - 3.000 words Weight: 100%

Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module.

7.25.3 Community Impact Project

Module Name		Module Code	Level (type)	CP			
Community Impact Proj	ect	JTCI-CI-950	Year 3 (Jacobs Track)	5			
Module Components			l				
Number	Name			Туре	СР		
JTCI-950	Community Im		Project	5			
Module Coordinator	Program Affilia	Mandatory Status					
CIP Faculty Coordinator	cept IEM	Mandatory for a undergraduate stud programs except IEM					
Entry Requirements			Frequency	Forms of Lea Teaching	arning and		
Pre-requisites ⊠ at least 15 CP from CORE modules in the major	<i>Co-requisites</i> ⊠ None	 Knowledge, Abilities, or Skills Basic knowledge of the main concepts and methodological instruments of the respective 	Annually (Fall)	 Introducto accompan final even hours Self-organ teamwork practical of 	ized and/or work in the		
		disciplines	Duration	communit hours Workload	y: 115		
			1 semester	125 hours			

Recommendations for Preparation

Develop or join a community impact project before the 5th semester based on the introductory events during the 4th semester by using the database of projects, communicating with fellow students and faculty, and finding potential companies, organizations, or communities to target.

Content and Educational Aims

CIPs are self-organized, major-related, and problem-centered applications of students' acquired knowledge and skills. These activities will ideally be connected to their majors so that they will challenge the students' sense of practical relevance and social responsibility within the field of their studies. Projects will tackle real issues in their direct and/or broader social environment. These projects ideally connect the campus community to other communities, companies, or organizations in a mutually beneficial way.

Students are encouraged to create their own projects and find partners (e.g., companies, schools, NGOs), but will get help from the CIP faculty coordinator team and faculty mentors to do so. They can join and collaborate in interdisciplinary groups that attack a given issue from different disciplinary perspectives.

Student activities are self-organized but can draw on the support and guidance of both faculty and the CIP faculty coordinator team.

Intended Learning Outcomes

The Community Impact Project is designed to convey the required personal and social competencies for enabling students to finish their studies at Jacobs as socially conscious and responsible graduates (part of the Jacobs mission) and to convey social and personal abilities to the students, including a practical awareness of the societal context and relevance of their academic discipline.

By the end of this project, students should be able to

- understand the real-life issues of communities, organizations, and industries and relate them to concepts in their own discipline;
- enhance problem-solving skills and develop critical faculty, create solutions to problems, and communicate these solutions appropriately to their audience;
- apply media and communication skills in diverse and non-peer social contexts;
- develop an awareness of the societal relevance of their own scientific actions and a sense of social responsibility for their social surroundings;
- reflect on their own behavior critically in relation to social expectations and consequences;
- work in a team and deal with diversity, develop cooperation and conflict skills, and strengthen their empathy and tolerance for ambiguity.

Indicative Literature

Not specified

Usability and Relationship to other Modules

• Students who have accomplished their CIP (6th semester) are encouraged to support their fellow students during the development phase of the next year's projects (4th semester).

Examination Type: Module Examination

Project, not numerically graded (pass/fail) Scope: All intended learning outcomes of the module

7.25.4 Language Modules

The descriptions of the language modules are provided in a separate document, the "Language Module Handbook" that can be accessed from here: <u>https://www.jacobs-university.de/study/learning-languages</u>

8 Appendix

8.1 Intended Learning Outcomes Assessment Matrix

Physics					CHOICE Modules 1-3	Classical Physics	Modern Physics	Applied Mathematics	Intro to Robotics & Intell. Sys	Analytical Mechanics	Electrodynamics	Computational Physics	Advanced Physics Lab 1	Quantum Mechanics	Statistical Physics	Renewable Energy	Advanced Physics Lab 2	Advanced Physics Lab 3	Condensed Matter Physics	Partides, Fields, Quanta	Biophysics	Atoms & Molecules	Nanotechnology	Advanced Optics	Bachelor Thesis	JT Methods/Skills 1-4 Math	Internship	JT Big Questions	Community Impact Project	JT Language 1-4
Semester					1/2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3+4	3	4	4	4	4	3/5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	1-4	5	5/6	5	1-4
Mandatory/mandatory elective					me	m	m	me	me	m	m	е	m	m	m	е	m	e	me	me				me	m	me	m	me	m	m
Credits					22.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	15	20	15	10	5	10
	Con	npe	tenc	ies*																										
Program Learning Outcomes	Α	Ε	Ρ	S																										
Recall and understand the basic facts, principles and formulas, and experimental evidence from the major fields of physics, that is classical physics, modern physics, and statistical physics.	x					x	x			x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x						
Describe and understand natural and technical phenomena by reducing them to basic physical principles from the different fields of physics.	x	x				x	x		x	x	x	x		x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x						
Apply a variety of mathematical methods and tools especially from analysis and linear algebra to describe physical systems.	x	x						x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x				
Use numerical and computational methods to describe and	x	х						x	х			х														x				
analyze physical systems. Examine physical problems, apply mathematical skills and knowledge from various fields of physics to find possible solutions and assess them critically.	x	x				x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
Conceive and apply analogies, approximations, estimates or extreme cases to test the plausibility of ideas or solution to physical problems.	x	x								x	x			x	x				x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
Setup and perform experiments, analyze their outcomes with	x	х				x	x						x				x	x							(x)					
the pertinent precision and present them properly. Working responsibly in a team on a common task, with the necessary preparation, planning, communication and work	x	x	x	x		x	x						x				x	x							(x)					
organization. Use the appropriate language of the scientific community to communicate, discuss, and defend scientific findings and ideas in physics.	x	x	x										x				x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x		x			
Get aquainted with a new field in physics, by finding, reviewing and digesting the relevant scientific information to work independently or as a team member on a physics related problem or on a scientific research project.			x										x				x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x		x			
Apply knowledge and understanding from the BSc Physics education to advance their personal career either by professional employment or by further academic or professional education.			x																						x		x			
Take on responsibility for their own personal and professional role in society by critical self-evaluation and self-analysis.				x																					x		x	x	x	
Adhere to and defend ethical, scientific, and professional standards, but also reflect and respect different views. Act as scientifically literate citizen to provide sound				x																								x	x	x
evidence-based solutions and arguments especially when communicating with specialists or laymen, or when dealing with technology or science issues.				x												x												x	x	
Appreciate the importance of education, community, and diversity for personal development and a peaceful and sustainable world.			x	x																							x	x	x	x
Assessment Type																														
Oral examination													х				х	х												
Final written exam						х	х	х	х	х	х			х	х				х							х				
Project												х				х				х					х				х	
Essay																														
(Lab) report						х	х	х	х				х				х	х							(x)					
Poster presentation																														
Presentation																				x	x	x	x	х	х					
Various																												x		х
Module achievements/bonus achievements																						1			1					x
	-		-	-		-	-	-													-	-	-	-		-	-	-		^
*Competencies: A-scientific/academic profi	cien	cy; E	-cor	npe	tence	for q	ualifi	ed e	nplo	ymer	nt; P-	devel	opm	ent o	f per	sona	lity;	S-con	npete	ence	for e	enga	geme	ent ir	soci	ety		!		

Figure 4: Intended Learning Outcomes Assessment Matrix